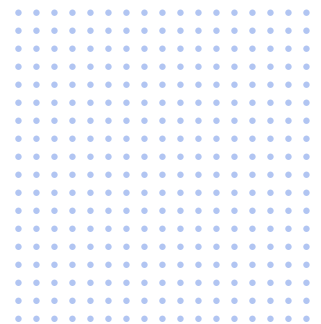




FOR KUET EXAM PREPARATION

KUET 2024 Question Paper · M.A. Anthropology

EXAM	YEAR	TYPE	SUBJECT
KUET	2024	Question Paper	M.A. Anthropology

Sr. No. **281****ENTRANCE TEST-2024****SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES****ANTHROPOLOGY**

Question Booklet Series

A

Total Questions : 60

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
7. There will be '**Negative Marking**' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

SP-4717-A

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[Turn over]

1. Medical Anthropology is concerned with :
 - (A) Diagnosing diseases by looking at different races
 - (B) Study of medicine and human morphology
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Bio-cultural understanding of humans and their works in relationship to health and disease
2. Who among the following has been a prominent leader of 'Lower Castes' and Dalit's ?
 - (A) Ayyankali
 - (B) Jyotirao Govindrao Phule
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
3. Dominant caste refers to :
 - (A) Those castes which dominate the socio-political landscape of a village or a town and have large share in employment
 - (B) Those castes which have a large population and were granted land rights by the partial land reforms effected after Independence
 - (C) Those castes which may not have large population but are dominant in terms of access to resources
 - (D) None of the above
4. Applied Anthropology refers to :
 - (A) The application of anthropological knowledge to identify, assess and solve contemporary social problems
 - (B) Inclusion of laboratory to train anthropologists in genetics and human evolution
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
5. Anthropology of religion involves :
 - (A) An understanding of Beliefs and Practices associated with supernatural elements, rituals and performances
 - (B) Study of religious texts with special reference to after life
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
6. Who among the following is **NOT** an Indian Anthropologist ?
 - (A) Verrier Elwin
 - (B) D.N. Majumdar
 - (C) A.N. Majumdar
 - (D) N.K. Bose
7. Who among the following is the first women Anthropologist of India ?
 - (A) Gail Omdvedt
 - (B) Iravati Karve
 - (C) Sujata Patel
 - (D) Patricia Jeffery
8. Who among the following conducted his field work on Baiga Tribe of central India ?
 - (A) M.N. Srinivas
 - (B) Sujata Patel
 - (C) Verrier Elwin
 - (D) A.N. Majumdar

9. The term Community refers to :
- Human relationships that are highly personal, intimate and enduring, those where a person's involvement is considerable if not total such as a family or real friends or a close knit group
 - Apparently impersonal, superficial and transitory relationships of modern urban life
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the above
10. The term Social Stratification refers to :
- A sense of belonging within the community determined by a social structure
 - Existence of structured inequalities between groups in society, in terms of their access to material or symbolic rewards
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the above
11. The term Great Tradition refers to :
- Cultural traits or traditions which are oral and operates at the village level
 - Both (A) and (D)
 - None of the above
 - Cultural traits or traditions which are written and widely accepted by the elites of a society who are educated and learned
12. The term Ethnocentrism refers to :
- The application of one's own cultural values in evaluating the behaviour and beliefs of people from other cultures
 - Imposing of one's own cultural values in evaluating the behaviour and beliefs of people from other cultures
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the above
13. Which among the following is **NOT** the dimension of culture ?
- Cognitive
 - Material
 - Normative
 - Dogmatic
14. Which one of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of Secondary group ?
- Large size
 - Formal and impersonal relationships
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - Intimate and face to face association
15. Which among the following are the characteristics of a Social group ?
- Persistent interaction to provide continuity
 - A sense of belonging to identify with other members
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the above
16. In Anthropology the kin that are related to each other through blood are called :
- Affines
 - Cousins
 - Cross cousins
 - Consanguineous
17. Monogamy refers to a form of marriage that involves :
- One husband and one wife alone
 - One husband and more than one wife
 - One wife and more than one husband
 - None of the above

18. Social expectations about behaviour regarded as appropriate for the members of each Sex is called :
 (A) Norm
 (B) Value
 (C) Gender
 (D) None of the above
19. Family in which one is married is called :
 (A) Family of orientation
 (B) Family of inclination
 (C) Family of procreation
 (D) None of the above
20. The functionalist understanding of Social institutions argues that :
 (A) Social institutions exist as they are natural to human societies
 (B) Social institutions exist to satisfy social needs
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
21. Who among the following is a British Anthropologist?
 (A) Radcliffe-Brown
 (B) W.H.R. Rivers
 (C) Malinowski
 (D) All of the above
22. The term cultural relativism refers to :
 (A) One culture can be superior to another culture
 (B) The idea that each culture must be understood in its own standards
 (C) One culture is related to another
 (D) None of the above
23. The term Enculturation refers to :
 (A) Changes that occur in one's culture due to continuous contact with other culture
 (B) Process by which a culture loses its cultural identity due to contact with other cultures
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) The process by which one learns the way of life and behaviour of one's own culture
24. The process through which tribal people lose their original culture due to cultural contact is called :
 (A) Culturalessness
 (B) Cultural deprivation
 (C) Deculturation
 (D) None of the above
25. Who among the following is the author of the famous book *The remembered village* ?
 (A) M. N. Srinivas
 (B) L.P. Vidyarthi
 (C) J.P.S. Oberoi
 (D) None of the above
26. The word *jajman* in *Jajmani* system refers to :
 (A) A lower caste person who performs his/her service to jajman
 (B) An officer who used to traditionally lead the prayers in a temple
 (C) A higher caste person who receive service from a servicing caste
 (D) None of the above
27. The following State/States are connected to the Appiko Movement for saving trees :
 (A) Karnataka
 (B) Telangana
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above

28. Who among the following is associated with Narmada Bachao Andolan ?
- (A) Pandum Ram Hedge
(B) Anna Hazare
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) Medha Patkar
29. Which among the following Articles in the Constitution of India guarantees right to protection of life and personal liberty ?
- (A) Article 32
(B) Article 17
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) Article 21
30. Which part of the Constitution deals with the Directive Principles of the State Policy ?
- (A) Part I
(B) Part II
(C) Part III
(D) Part IV
31. Which one of the following is **NOT** a Fundamental Right under the Constitution of India ?
- (A) Right to Equality
(B) Right Against Exploitation
(C) Cultural and Educational Rights
(D) Right to Property
32. Which one of the following Articles in the Indian Constitution deals with the reservation of seats for SC and STs in Panchayats ?
- (A) Article 243D
(B) Article 243 A
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
33. The Montreal Protocol urges Countries to do following :
- (A) Control the emission of Ozone depleting substances
(B) Increase the forest cover
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
34. Which one of the following Countries is not a part of SAARC ?
- (A) Pakistan
(B) India
(C) Bangladesh
(D) Iran
35. ASEAN regional forum was established in the year :
- (A) 1991
(B) 1992
(C) 2001
(D) 1994
36. First Human like being the hominid is called :
- (A) Homo habilis
(B) Homo sapiens
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
37. Pre-historic humans seen at Bhimbetka rock shelter in Raisen district is located in :
- (A) Uttar Pradesh
(B) Haryana
(C) Madhya Pradesh
(D) None of the above

38. Which one of the following concepts forms a part of the Darwin's theory ?
 (A) Branching descent
 (B) Natural Selection
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
39. Which one of the following gases forms the biogas ?
 (A) Methan
 (B) Hydrogen sulphide
 (C) Carbon dioxide
 (D) All of the above
40. In which of the following Round tables did Gandhi oppose the demand for separate Electorates for 'Lower Castes' ?
 (A) First Round table
 (B) Second Round table
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
41. The Toda tribe is found in one of the following States of India :
 (A) Uttar Pradesh
 (B) Manipur
 (C) Tamil Nadu
 (D) None of the above
42. The Chenchu tribe is found in one of the States of India :
 (A) Karnataka
 (B) Tamil Nadu
 (C) Kerala
 (D) Andhra Pradesh
43. Which one of the following is a Peasant Movement ?
 (A) Tebhaga Movement
 (B) Telangana Movement
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
44. Who among the following was recently granted ST status in Jammu and Kashmir ?
 (A) Gujjars
 (B) Bakerwals
 (C) Paharis
 (D) None of the above
45. Participant Observation requires the following :
 (A) Data collection through participation in the daily life of informants in their natural setting
 (B) Ensuring the participation of all key research participants during the process of research
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
46. Which one of the following is included in the Life History approach to Social Sciences ?
 (A) Case studies
 (B) Interviews
 (C) Archival records
 (D) All of the above
47. In the field while doing research who among following can be considered as a key informant ?
 (A) Community leader
 (B) District Commissioner
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
48. The word Dalit commonly used in Marathi, Hindi, Gujarati and other Indian languages refers to:
 (A) People who live in slums
 (B) A wide range of social groups that were historically marginalized in Hindu caste society
 (C) None of the above
 (D) 'Upper caste' people

49. Who among the following is the author of the book titled Poverty and Un-British rule in India ?
 (A) Sarojini Naidu
 (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
 (C) Dadhabhai Naoroji
 (D) None of the above
50. Shri Narayana Guru was associated with one of the following Reform Movements in India :
 (A) Shri Narayana Guru Dharma Paripalana (SNDP) Movement
 (B) Sree Narayana Guru Hindu Revival Movement
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
51. Which one of the following are the famous archaeological sites in Kashmir ?
 (A) Semthan
 (B) Burzahom
 (C) Gufkral
 (D) All of the above
52. King Ashoka as per Kalhana's Rajatarangini laid the foundation of the city of Srinagar at :
 (A) Parihaspora
 (B) Pandrethan
 (C) Pamore
 (D) None of the above
53. Famous Sufi missionary Mir Sayyid Ali Humadani visited Kashmir during the reign of :
 (A) Sultan Qutub-u-din
 (B) Sultan Shiah-u-din
 (C) Sultan Shams-u-din
 (D) None of the above
54. Who among the following are considered as early agriculturalists and pastoralists ?
 (A) Mesolithic
 (B) Palaeolithic
 (C) Neolithic
 (D) Chalcolithic
55. Main characteristics of the Neolithic tools are :
 (A) Polished tools giving a fine cutting edge
 (B) Mortars and pestles used for grinding grain
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) None of the above
56. Which among the following States in India has one of the worst sex ratio (below 800 per 1000 Females) ?
 (A) Tamil Nadu
 (B) Bihar
 (C) U.P.
 (D) Punjab
57. Who was the author of the book Hind Sawraj ?
 (A) Mahatma Gandhi
 (B) B.G Tilak
 (C) Bhaghat Singh
 (D) None of the above
58. Who was the author of the book Annihilation of Caste ?
 (A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
 (B) Savitri Phule
 (C) Mahatma Gandhi
 (D) None of the above
59. Who among the following was the founder of the anti-caste organization Satyashodhak Samaj ?
 (A) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
 (B) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 (C) Periyar
 (D) Jyotirao Phule
60. Who among the following is the present Secretary General of the United Nations ?
 (A) Kofi A. Annan
 (B) Ban Ki-moon
 (C) António Guterres
 (D) None of the above