NCERT SOLUTIONS CLASS - 8TH





Class:8th Subject : Civics Chapter: 3 Chapter Name : Why Do We Need Parliament

Q1 What do you think the artist parliament? is trying to convey through the image of Parliament on the previous page?



Answer. Missing

e Page: 31, Block Name: Why Should People Decide

Q2 Give one reason why you think there should be universal adult franchise. Do you think there would be any difference if the class monitor was selected by the teacher or elected by the students? Discuss.

Answer. Missing

Page: 32, Block Name: People and their Representatives

Q1 Use the terms 'constituency' and 'represent' to explain who an MLA is and how the person gets elected?

Answer. Missing

Page: 33, Block Name: People and their Representatives

Q2 Discuss with your teacher the difference between a State Legislative Assembly (Vidhan Sabha) and the Parliament (Lok Sabha).

Answer. Missing

Book : Social and Political Life

Page: 33, Block Name: People and their Representatives

Q3 From the list below, identify the work of a State government and that of a Central government.

(a) The decision of the Indian government to maintain peaceful relations with China.

(b) The decision of the Madhya Pradesh government to discontinue Board exams in Class VIII for all schools under this Board.

(c) Introduction of a new train connection between Ajmer and Mysore.

(d)Introduction of a new 1,000 rupee note.

Answer. Missing

Page: 33, Block Name: People and their Representatives

Q4 Fill in the blanks with the following words.

universal adult franchise; MLAs; representatives; directly

This means that all adult citizens in the country are allowed to vote.

Answer. Missing

Page : 33, Block Name : People and their Representatives

Q5 You have read that most elected members whether in the Panchayat, or the Vidhan Sabha or the Parliament are elected for a fixed period of five years. Why do we have a system where the representatives are elected for a fixed period and not for life?

Answer. Missing

Page: 33, Block Name: People and their Representatives

Q6 You have read that people participate in other ways and not just through elections to express approval or disapproval of the actions of government. Can you describe three such ways through a small skit?

Answer. Missing

Page: 33, Block Name: People and their Representatives

Q1 Why do you think our national movement supported the idea that all adults have a right to vote?

Answer. Our national movement supported the idea that all adults have a right to vote because in our struggle for independence people from all walks of life participated. They came from various backgrounds and were united in their aspirations for a free, equal and independent nation where decision-making would be in the hands of the people. The only way in which this would be possible would be through elections – allowing common people a vantage point from where they can consent to and approve of a government that "they" have a right to choose.

Page: 33, Block Name: Exercise

Q2 In this 2004 map of Parliamentary constituencies alongside, roughly identify the constituencies in your State. What is the name of the MP from your constituency? How many MPs does your state have? Why are certain constituencies coloured green while others are coloured blue?



Page: 33, Block Name: Exercise

Q3 You have read in Chapter 1 that the 'Parliamentary form of government' that exists in India has three tiers. This includes the parliament (central government) and the various State Legislatures (state governments). Fill in the following table with information on the various representatives from your area:

	State Government	Central Government
Which political party/parties is/are currently in power?		
Who (name) is the current representative from your area?		
Which political parties currently form the opposition?		
When were elections last held?		
When will the next elections be hled?		
How many women representatives are there (from your state)?		
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