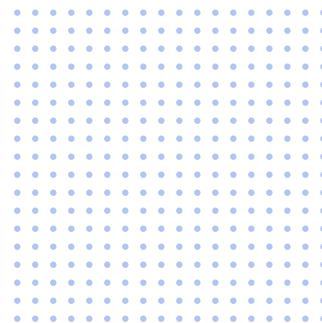




FOR KUET EXAM PREPARATION

KUET 2024

Question Paper · M.A. Sociology

EXAM	YEAR	TYPE	SUBJECT
KUET	2024	Question Paper	M.A. Sociology

Sr. No. **0875****ENTRANCE TEST-2024****SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES****SOCIOLOGY**

Question Booklet Series

C

Total Questions : 60

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
7. There will be '**Negative Marking**' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

SP-4482-C

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•••**[Turn over**

1. The complete list of all the members/units of the population from which each sampling unit is selected is known as :
 (A) Sample size
 (B) Sampling frame
 (C) Sampling weight
 (D) Sampling bias
2. The general term for samples selected in accord with probability theory, typically involving some random-selection mechanism is called as :
 (A) Probability sampling
 (B) Non-Probability sampling
 (C) Multistage sampling
 (D) Judgmental sampling
3. Snowball sampling is a type of :
 (A) Probability sampling
 (B) Non-probability sampling
 (C) Both of the above
 (D) None of the above
4. In the construction of a questionnaire, find the odd one out :
 (A) The vocabulary chosen should be simple
 (B) The syntax should be clear and straight-forward
 (C) Professional "jargons" and technical words should be avoided as far as possible
 (D) Questions on controversial and sensitive issues should be used first and not broken into components
5. Who described interview as "a conversation with a purpose" ?
 (A) Bingham and Moore
 (B) Lindzey Gardner
 (C) Earl Barbie
 (D) William Zikmund
6. Which type of observation was used by Andre Beteille to study social inequality of Tanjore village ?
 (A) Systematic observation
 (B) Unsystematic observation
 (C) Participant observation
 (D) Non- Participant observation
7. In an interview, when there is no specification in the wording of questions or the order of questions, it is called as :
 (A) Unstructured interview
 (B) Structured interview
 (C) Semi-structured interview
 (D) Focused interview
8. What are the reasons of availing house loan ? This question is an example of :
 (A) Fixed type question
 (B) Open-ended question
 (C) Both of the above
 (D) None of the above
9. Who is associated with term "Sociological Imagination" ?
 (A) C. Wright Mills
 (B) Milton M. Gordan
 (C) August Comte
 (D) Karl Manheim
10. In contrast to other social sciences, sociology emphasizes the influence that groups can have on people's behavior and attitudes :
 (A) False
 (B) True
 (C) Neutral
 (D) None of the above

11. Who said that "Early sociology developed as a reaction to the Enlightenment" ?
 (A) Charles Montesquieu
 (B) Jean Jacques Rousseau
 (C) Irving Zeitlin
 (D) Emile Durkheim
12. George Simmel belongs to which school of thought ?
 (A) Formalistic school of thought
 (B) Synthetic school of thought
 (C) Both Formalistic and Synthetic school of thought
 (D) None of the above
13. Who expressed that society rests on "consciousness of kind" ?
 (A) F. H. Giddings
 (B) Maclver & Page
 (C) Kingsley Davis
 (D) None of the above
14. A village, city, a tribe or a nation is an example of:
 (A) Society
 (B) Community
 (C) Association
 (D) Organization
15. Physical proximity is a characteristic of:
 (A) Secondary group
 (B) Reference group
 (C) Primary group
 (D) None of the above
16. The simplest of all social groups is :
 (A) Primary group
 (B) Secondary group
 (C) Dyad
 (D) Triad
17. From his analysis of _____ societies, Murdock (1949) argued that the family performs four basic functions in all societies, which he termed sexual, reproductive, economic and educational.
 (A) 350
 (B) 250
 (C) 150
 (D) 450
18. The prohibition of sexual relationships between certain culturally specified relatives is called as :
 (A) Kibbutz
 (B) Cohabitation
 (C) Incest taboo
 (D) Machismo
19. The practice of living together as a male-female couple without marrying is called as :
 (A) Cohabitation
 (B) Commune
 (C) Egalitarian family
 (D) None of the above
20. Who defined family as "a social relationship based upon family relatedness" ?
 (A) Theodorson
 (B) Murdock
 (C) Irawati Karve
 (D) K. M. Kapadia
21. The process whereby people normally being socialized are at the same time socializing their socializers refers to :
 (A) Resocialization
 (B) Reverse socialization
 (C) Role taking
 (D) Rites of passage

22. A term used by George Herbert Mead to refer to the child's awareness of the attitudes, viewpoints and expectations of society as a whole is called as :
- Significant others
 - Generalized others
 - Role taking
 - None of the above
23. Choose the correct statement :
- Cultural change is much broader than social change
 - Social change is much broader than cultural change
 - Cultural change is same as social change
 - All of the above
24. The integrated approach to study social change in India was used by :
- M. N. Shrinivas
 - Yogendra Singh
 - S. C. Dube
 - T. N. Madan
25. Who is associated with the concept of "Impression Management" ?
- C. H. Cooley
 - G. H. Mead
 - Erving Goffman
 - Bernard Berk
26. Durkheim's term for the loss of direction felt in a society when social control of individual behavior has become ineffective refers to :
- Conformity
 - Anomie
 - Crime
 - Deviance
27. Social control carried out by people casually through such means as laughter, smiles and ridicule is called as :
- Formal social control
 - Community social control
 - Informal social control
 - Group social control
28. Who has said that "collective behavior is the relatively spontaneous and unstructured behavior of a group of people who are reacting to a common influence in an ambiguous situation" ?
- Neil Smelser
 - Richard A. Berk
 - Richard A. Johnson
 - None of the above
29. The term social movements was first used at the turn of eighteenth century by :
- Ralf Dahrendorf
 - Max Weber
 - Saint Simon
 - David F. Aberle
30. Telangana movement was a :
- Tribal movement
 - Women movement
 - Religious movement
 - Peasant movement
31. Which article mandates the State to promote the educational and economic interests of scheduled tribes, scheduled castes and other weaker sections ?
- Article 46
 - Article 36
 - Article 26
 - None of the above

32. In India, traditional Hindu society was divided into five main strata: four varnas or castes, and the fifth group was :
- Jati
 - Varna
 - Outcaste
 - Tribe
33. The sociological perspective views caste system as a phenomenon of:
- Social Immobility
 - Social mobility
 - Social equality
 - Social inequality
34. Who said that "the sub-castes came to be distinguished from castes due to territorial separateness, mixed origin, occupational distinction, differences in techniques of occupation, dissimilarity of customs, and due to nicknames"?
- Risley
 - Hutton
 - Ghurye
 - Majumdar
35. In Max Weber's phraseology, caste and class are both:
- Religious group
 - Status group
 - Political group
 - Secondary group
36. Which of the following is incorrect?
- Class systems are fluid
 - Class positions are in some part achieved
 - Class systems are personal
 - Class is economically based
37. Which of the following is correct?
- Sociologists are concerned with whether religious beliefs are true or false
 - Sociologists are not especially concerned with the social organization of religion
 - Sociologists often view religions as a major source of social solidarity
 - Sociologists don't tend to explain the appeal of religion in terms of social forces
38. Durkheim's work "The elementary form of religious life" was published in the year :
- 1912
 - 1812
 - 1712
 - 1612
39. The belief in spirits or ghosts, thought to populate the same world as human beings is called as :
- Totemism
 - Fetishism
 - Animism
 - Naturalism
40. The process through which religion's influence on other social institutions diminishes is called as :
- Communalization
 - Secularization
 - Denomination
 - Urbanization
41. The positive philosophy of August Comte, in three volumes was translated and condensed by :
- Emile Durkheim
 - Karl Marx
 - Saint Simon
 - Harriet Martineau

42. The law of three stages as given by August Comte is also called as :
- Law of revolution
 - Law of human progress
 - Law of society
 - Law of attraction
43. In which stage as per August Comte, phenomena are explained in terms of supernatural entities such as spirits and gods ?
- Theological stage
 - Metaphysical stage
 - Positivist stage
 - All of the above
44. August Comte who coined the term sociology was a/an :
- American
 - French
 - British
 - Italian
45. Social currents as per Emile Durkheim belong to :
- Material social facts
 - Non-material social facts
 - Both of the above
 - None of the above
46. The Latin term "sui generis" means :
- Common
 - Rare
 - Unique
 - Particular
47. The totality of beliefs and sentiments common to the average members of society forms a deterministic system with a life of its own. As per Emile Durkheim, it can be termed as :
- Collective consciousness
 - Individual consciousness
 - Unconscious
 - Hallucinations
48. According to Karl Marx, alienation appears not merely in the result but also in the process of production and within :
- Productive activity itself
 - Non-productivity itself
 - Both of the above
 - None of the above
49. To Marx, the basis upon which stratification systems rest is the relations of aggregates of men to the :
- Means of communication
 - Means of acquisition
 - Means of transport
 - Means of production
50. Marx adopted the dialectical mode of logic from :
- August Comte
 - Emile Durkheim
 - Hegel
 - Max Weber
51. The basis of much of Marx's thinking lies in his ideas on the potential of human beings what he called as :
- Species being
 - Human being
 - Nature being
 - None of the above

52. Weber utilized his ideal-type methodology to clarify the meaning of action which is determined by the actor's habitual and customary ways of behaving called as :
- Affectual action
 - Traditional action
 - Rational action
 - None of the above
53. To which sociologist's thinking, the class situation is ultimately linked to market situation ?
- Herbert Spencer
 - Karl Marx
 - Karl Mannheim
 - Max Weber
54. Max Weber argued that the bureaucratization of the modern world has led to its :
- Impersonalization
 - Depersonalization
 - Socialization
 - Coordination
55. Weber conceived of bureaucracies as structures and of bureaucrats as _____ within those structures.
- Human beings
 - Social beings
 - Positions
 - Functions
56. A systematic, organized series of steps that ensures maximum objectivity and consistency in researching a problem is called as :
- Case study method
 - Survey method
 - Scientific method
 - None of the above
57. Consider television as a product. The degree of use of the television varies with respect to age, sex, income level and profession of the respondents as well as place of time of use. Hence, the degree of the use of television to different types of respondents will be of importance to the researcher. This type of research is called as :
- Exploratory research
 - Experimental research
 - Explanatory research
 - Descriptive research
58. Find the odd one out. The most common and useful purposes of research are :
- Exploration
 - Description
 - Interaction
 - Explanation
59. Who said that research design is "a master plan specifying the methods and procedures for collecting and analyzing the needed information" ?
- William Zikmund
 - P. V. Young
 - Martin Blumer
 - Ackoff Russell
60. A sampling technique in which the population is classified into the number of groups based on some criteria, say age of members of population, viz., old age, middle age and young age is called as :
- Random sampling
 - Systematic sampling
 - Stratified sampling
 - Quota sampling