COMMON P. G. ENTRANCE TEST – 2024 (CPET-2024)

Test Booklet No. : 00002

Subject Code : 39

Hall Ticket No. :

Subject : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

TEST BOOKLET

*Time Allowed : **60** Minutes*

*Full Marks : **80***

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. The Test Booklet contains **16** pages including the cover page and **80** (Question Nos. 1 to 80) multiple choice questions.
2. DO NOT break open the seal of the Test Booklet until the invigilator instructs to do so.
3. The candidates must check discrepancy, if any (like up-printed or torn or missing pages or missing questions) in the Test Booklet immediately after breaking the seal of the Test Booklet. If detected, the invigilator may be requested to replace the same.
4. Candidates are required to fill up and darken the **Hall Ticket No., Test Booklet Serial No.** and OMR Answer Sheet Serial No. in attendance sheet carefully. Wrongly filled in OMR Answer Sheet is liable for rejection.
5. Each question has four choices / answers marked (A), (B), (C), (D). Candidate has to select the most appropriate choice / answer to each question and darken the oval completely against the question number provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.
6. Indicate only one choice / answer from the options provided by darkening the appropriate oval in the OMR Answer Sheet. More than one response to a question shall be treated as a wrong answer.
7. Use only **Black Ball Point Pen** for darkening the oval for answering.
8. All the questions are compulsory and they carry equal marks. The total marks scored by a candidate depends on the number of correct choices / answers darkened in the OMR Answer Sheet. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
9. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the Examination Hall / Room till all OMR Answer Sheets have been collected by the invigilator.
10. On completion of the entrance test, the original OMR Answer Sheet be handed over to the invigilator. Candidates are allowed to take the second copy of the OMR Answer Sheet along with the used Test Booklet for reference.
11. Candidates are not allowed to carry any personal belongings including electronic devices such as scientific calculator, cell phones, headphones, earbuds, or any other type of devices that allow communication of any kind inside the Examination Room / Hall.
12. The candidates are advised not to scribble or make any mark on the OMR Answer Sheet except marking the answers at the appropriate places and filling up the details required. Rough work, if any, may be done in the blank sheet(s) provided at the end of the Test Booklet.
13. Any malpractice / use of unfair means will lead to your disqualification from the entrance test / admission process and may also lead to appropriate legal action as deemed fit.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

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1. Which one of the following Articles states that the power of superintendence, direction and control of Election is vested in Election Commission ?

(A) 320 (B) 321

(C) 324 (D) 326

2. Who has given the concept of 'Time and Motion' study ?

(A) Urwick (B) Gulick

(C) Taylor (D) Fayol

3. 'Esprit de crops' as given by Henry Fayol means :

(A) Team Spirit (B) Centralization

(C) Stability (D) Equality

4. Which one of the following Constitutional Amendments restores States' Power to make their own OBC list ?

(A) 100th (B) 102th

(C) 104th (D) 105th

5. According to Herzberg, which one of the following is not a Hygiene factor ?

(A) Interpersonal Relation (B) Salary

(C) Company Policy (D) Responsibility

6. Who appoints State Election Commissioner of a State ?

(A) President of India (B) Chief Election Commissioner

(C) Governor (D) Chief Minister

7. V. A. Graicunas developed which one of the following concepts ?

(A) Morale (B) Span of Control

(C) Gangplank (D) Hierarchy

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8. Till now how many Finance Commissions have been set up ?

(A) 13 (B) 14

(C) 15 (D) 16

9. Article 360 and Article 72 of the Constitution of India deals with respectively :

(A) Financial Emergency and Pardon Power

(B) Ordinance Power and Collective Responsibility

(C) Pocket Veto and Collective Responsibility

(D) Financial Emergency and Collective Responsibility

10. Which one of the following can create New All India Services ?

(A) President

(B) Union Public Service Commission

(C) Lok Sabha

(D) Rajya Sabha

11. Article 143 of the Constitution of India deals with which one of the following ?

(A) Governor's Power to dissolve Legislative Assembly

(B) President's Power to Consult Supreme Court of India

(C) President's Pardon Power

(D) Governor's Power to Proclaim Ordinance

12. Which one pair concerning Directive Principles of State Policy is not correct ?

(A) Article – 51 – Promotion of International Peace and Security

(B) Article – 44 – Uniform Civil Code

(C) Article – 47 – Prohibition of Liquor

(D) Article – 43A – Free Legal Aid to Poor

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13. Which one of the following statements is not correct as to Fundamental Duties ?

(A) Fundamental Duties were added to the Constitution of India on the recommendations of Gore Committee

(B) Fundamental Duties were added to the Constitution of India by 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1976

(C) Protection of Environment is one of the Fundamental Duties

(D) The 11th Fundamental Duty was added by 86th Constitutional Amendment in 2002

14. Match List – I with List – II and answer by using codes given below :

List – I (Provisions)	**List – II (Amendments)**
(a) Inclusion of word 'Secular'	(i) 31st Constitutional Amendment Act
(b) One-third reservation for women in Urban Local Body Election	(ii) 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act
(c) Lok Sabha Seats were increased from 525 to 545	(iii) 61st Constitutional Amendment Act
(d) Decrease of Voting Age from 21 to 18 years	(iv) 74th Amendment Act

Codes :

	(a)	**(b)**	**(c)**	**(d)**
(A)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(B)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)
(C)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(D)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

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15. Part – II of the Constitution of India deals with which one of the following ?

(A) Fundamental Duties (B) State and Union Territories

(C) Citizenship (D) Fundamental Rights

16. The Governor of a State can be terminated by which of the following methods ?

Answer by using codes given below :

(i) Impeachment

(ii) Retirement

(iii) Dismissal by President

Codes :

(A) (i) is true and (ii) is false (B) (ii) and (iii) are false

(C) (ii) and (iii) are true (D) (i) and (ii) are true

17. The term of Members of Public Accounts Committee of Parliament of India is :

(A) 5 years (B) 4 years

(C) 2 years (D) One year

18. "Public Administration is detailed and systematic execution of law. Every particular application of Law is an act of administration" was said by :

(A) Woodrow Wilson (B) L. D. White

(C) Luther Gulick (D) E. N. Gladen

19. The head of District Administration is :

(A) Chief Secretary (B) Block Development Officer

(C) Development Commissioner (D) Collector

20. Integral view of Public Administration was advocated by :

(A) L. D. White (B) Luther Gulick

(C) Herbert A. Simon (D) Thompson

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21. Vice-President of India is also functioning as :

(A) Deputy Chairman of NITI Aayog
(B) Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha
(C) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
(D) Chairman of NITI Aayog

22. The term 'Epistemological' in relation to contributions of Public Administration means :

(A) Technical
(B) Ombudsmanic
(C) Professional
(D) Theory Building

23. Which one of the following is not a feature of Riggs' Prismatic Model ?

(A) Formalism
(B) Heterogeneity
(C) Overlapping
(D) Uniformity

24. Co-operative Societies are covered in which part of the Constitution of India ?

(A) Part IX B
(B) Part X
(C) Part XI
(D) Part XV

25. Which one of the following is a principle of Scientific Management ?

(A) Cooperation
(B) Rule of Thumb
(C) Individualism
(D) Restricted output

26. Which one of the concept was not advocated by Max Weber ?

(A) Charismatic Authority
(B) Traditional Authority
(C) Plural Authority
(D) Rational-Legal Authority

27. Under which Article of Constitution of India a Governor can reserve a Bill for the consideration of President ?

(A) Article 100
(B) Article 200
(C) Article 300
(D) Article 395

28. Which one of the following is not an element of Bureaucracy ?

(A) Rules
(B) Hierarchy
(C) Impersonal order
(D) Flexibility

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29. Which one of the following theories advocates the idea of 'Interpersonal Relationship' ?

(A) Bureaucratic Theory
(B) Scientific Management Theory
(C) Human Relations Theory
(D) Decision-Making Theory

30. Currently, which one of the following statements concerning the three Lists – Union, State and Concurrent – is not correct ?

(A) State List comprises of 61 Subjects
(B) Union List contains 97 Subjects
(C) Concurrent list consists of 52 Subjects
(D) Originally Concurrent list contained 47 Subjects

31. Which needs are in the middle of Need Hierarchy theory of Maslow ?

(A) Basic needs
(B) Self-Actualization needs
(C) Social needs
(D) Security needs

32. Lokpal in India consists of a Chairperson and a maximum of how many members ?

(A) Six
(B) Seven
(C) Eight
(D) Nine

33. The concept of 'Bounded Rationality' was given by :

(A) A. H. Maslow
(B) Lyndall Urwick
(C) Luther Gulick
(D) Herbert A. Simon

34. Which of the following is not a writ ?

(A) Habeas Corpus
(B) Mandamus
(C) Injunction
(D) Prohibition

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35. Herbert Simon's Decision-Making model comprises of which one of the following stages ?

(A) Idea, Develop, Choose
(B) Intelligence, Design, Choice
(C) Integrate, Develop, Choose
(D) Intelligence, Develop, Choose

36. Which of the following is not a federal feature of India ?

(A) Supremacy of Constitution
(B) Bicameral Legislature
(C) Citizenship in India
(D) Independent Judiciary

37. Which one of the following is not included in Rensis Likert's Four System of Management ?

(A) Exploitative-Authoritative
(B) Benevolent-Authoritative
(C) Consultative
(D) Communicative

38. The Constitution of India was came into force on :

(A) 26th November, 1949
(B) 26th January, 1950
(C) 26th January, 1949
(D) 26th November, 1950

39. The 12th Report of ARC deals with :

(A) Ethics in Governance
(B) Right to Information
(C) Citizen Centric Administration
(D) Promoting e-Governance

40. Administration of Development means :

(A) Goal focused
(B) Flexible
(C) Techniques of Development Administration
(D) Change Administration

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41. Which Committee is not related to Civil Service Reform ?

(A) Hota Committee
(B) B. N. Yugandhar Committee
(C) Surinder Nath Committee
(D) Kovind Committee

42. In which one of the following States, Panchayati Raj System is not working ?

(A) Assam
(B) Meghalaya
(C) Sikkim
(D) Telangana

43. Which one of the following is not included in Henry Fayol's 14 Principles of Administration ?

(A) Order
(B) Initiative
(C) Remuneration
(D) Decentralization

44. Union Cabinet is collectively responsible to :

(A) Parliament
(B) Rajya Sabha
(C) Supreme Court of India
(D) Lok Sabha

45. Which one of the following themes is not linked to New Public Administration ?

(A) Social Equity
(B) Change
(C) Relevance
(D) Consumerism

46. Article 21-A was inserted into Constitution of India by which one of the following Amendments ?

(A) 86th
(B) 87th
(C) 88th
(D) 89th

47. Which is not an anti-goal of New Public Administration ?

(A) Anti-Positivist
(B) Anti-Development
(C) Anti-Technical
(D) Anti-Hierarchical

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48. 103rd Amendment to Constitution of India deals with :

(A) Goods and Services Taxes

(B) Reservation for Economically Weaker Sections

(C) National Commission for Backward classes

(D) Cooperative Societies

49. Government of India announced which comprehensive Civil Service Reforms Programme in 2020 ?

(A) Mission Karmayogi (B) Grievance Handling

(C) Morale Boosting (D) Examination Reform

50. Which one of the following is not a nature of Development Administration ?

(A) Value-Orientation (B) Goal-Orientation

(C) Rigidity (D) Change Orientation

51. Christopher Hood coined which one of the following concept ?

(A) Public Choice (B) New Public Administration

(C) New Public Management (D) Good Governance

52. M. M. Punchhi Commission's recommendations are related to :

(A) Centre – State Relations

(B) Right to Privacy

(C) Right to Information

(D) Directive Principles of State Policies

53. A man can be a Prime Minister of India on attaining the age of :

(A) 25 years (B) 30 years

(C) 35 years (D) 55 years

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54. According to Supreme Court Decision in Puttaswamy V. Union of India, Right to Privacy is an integral part of which one of the following Articles ?

(A) Article – 21 (B) Article – 22

(C) Article – 23 (D) Article – 24

55. How many terms the President of USA can held the Post ?

(A) One (B) Two

(C) Three (D) Four

56. Which one of the following Articles provides that – all Bills passed by Parliament can become laws only after receiving the assent of the President of India ?

(A) Article – 109 (B) Article – 110

(C) Article – 111 (D) Article – 112

57. In which year was the Supreme Court of UK first established ?

(A) 2005 (B) 2007

(C) 2009 (D) 2011

58. The power of Pocket Veto is used by :

(A) Vice President of India (B) Prime Minister of India

(C) Speaker of Lok Sabha (D) President of India

59. The system of "Senatorial Courtesy" is present in which one of the following countries ?

(A) Japan (B) France

(C) United Kingdom (D) United States

60. The 'Bazaar-Canteen' model was given by :

(A) F. W. Riggs (B) Henry Fayol

(C) Max Weber (D) Elton Mayo

61. The Chairman of NITI Aayog is :

(A) President (B) Prime Minister

(C) Chairman of Rajya Sabha (D) Speaker of Lok Sabha

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62. The meaning of 'Republic' in the Preamble to the Constitution of India is :

(A) No official State Religion
(B) Head of State is elected
(C) Wealth is distributed
(D) Democratic Government

63. Which one of the following is not technically a Constitutional Post ?

(A) Vice-President of India
(B) Deputy Prime Minister of India
(C) Prime Minister of India
(D) Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha

64. The recommendations of Sarkaria Commission deal with :

(A) Powers of Prime Minister
(B) Functions of NITI Aayog
(C) Centre – State Relations
(D) Right to Information

65. The Prime Minister's Office is headed by :

(A) Cabinet Secretary
(B) Principal Secretary to Prime Minister
(C) Prime Minister
(D) Home Minister

66. The concept of 'basic structure doctrine' was given by Supreme Court in which one of the following cases ?

(A) Kesavananda Bharati Case
(B) Golaknath Case
(C) 2G Spectrum Case
(D) Ajodhya Dispute Case

67. The ex-officio Secretary of a State Cabinet is :

(A) Development Commissioner
(B) Finance Minister
(C) Chief Secretary
(D) Finance Secretary

68. The members of UPSC hold office for :

(A) 5 years
(B) 5 years or until he attains the age of 62 years, which ever is earlier
(C) 6 years
(D) 6 years or until he attains the age of 65 years, which ever is earlier

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69. The Election Commission of India does not conduct elections to which one of the following ?

(A) State Legislative Councils
(B) Municipalities
(C) Vice-President
(D) Rajya Sabha

70. 2nd ARC submitted its report on 'State and District Administration' in its which Report ?

(A) 10th Report
(B) 11th Report
(C) 14th Report
(D) 15th Report

71. Who introduced the office of the District Collector in India ?

(A) Lord Mountbatten
(B) Warren Hastings
(C) Sir George Campbell
(D) Lord Ripon

72. The minimum age qualification to be a Governor of State is :

(A) 25 years
(B) 30 years
(C) 35 years
(D) 40 years

73. The term of Rajya Sabha is :

(A) 6 years
(B) 5 years
(C) 4 years
(D) Continuous Chamber

74. The concept of MBO was given by :

(A) Luther Gulick
(B) Rensis Likert
(C) Peter F. Drucker
(D) Henri Fayol

75. The Rail Budget is merged with General Budget after how many years ?

(A) 92
(B) 82
(C) 72
(D) 62

76. If the Panchayat is to be dissolved, then its election must be held within how many months ?

(A) Three
(B) Six
(C) Nine
(D) Twelve

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77. The Great Illumination Experiment (1924-1927) is related to which theory ?

(A) Scientific Management Theory
(B) Human Relations Theory
(C) Decision-Making Theory
(D) Bureaucratic Theory

78. Which one of the following is not a principle of Good Governance as given by United Nations ?

(A) Accountability
(B) Transparency
(C) Rule of Law
(D) Transformation

79. Fred E. Fiedler has propounded which one of the following Leadership Theories ?

(A) Contingency Theory
(B) Path-Goal Theory
(C) Trait Theory
(D) Participative Management Theory

80. 'Market Orientation' is a feature of which of the following ?

(A) New Public Administration
(B) New Public Management
(C) Bureaucracy
(D) Scientific Management

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