ALL INDIA SAINIK SCHOOL ENTRANCE EXAMINATION : 2016
PAPER II – LANGUAGE & SOCIAL STUDIES
CLASS – IX

Time: 2 hrs **Max Marks: 175**

Note:-

(a) This paper contains two parts – Part 'A' is language and Part 'B' is Social Studies. You are required to attempt **ALL** questions in each part.

(b). Part 'A' (Language) bearing 100 marks contains 10 questions. Marks are indicated against each question.

(c). Part 'B' (Social Studies) bearing 75 marks contain 5 questions. Marks are indicated against each question.

(d). Write your answers in the space provided in the question paper itself.

(e) Rough work is to be done at space provided.

(f) Write all your answers in **Blue/ Black** ink only. **Do not use pencil**.

PART 'A' : LANGUAGE : ENGLISH

Max Marks : 100

Q1. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.(5x3=15)

Prafulla Chandra Ray was born on 2 August 1861 in the district of Jessore, now in Bangladesh, close to the birth place of Madhusudan Dutt, widely regarded as the Milton of Bengal. It was the best of times and the worst. The British had by now perfected their role as masters and British values permeated the Indian upper classes to the very last detail like table manners. That of course, was not the worst of the British influence, there were several. What was far more demeaning to the educated Indians was the fact that senior Government positions were closed to them. Being forfeited of one's right in one's land of birth would become the rallying point for the Indian intelligentsia in the years to come.

Ray's father Harish Chandra Ray, a man of learning and taste, was closely associated with the cultural and intellectual leaders of the time and exerted great influence on his son. Ray had his early schooling in the village school founded by his father but soon his father shifted to Calcutta and at the age of nine, little Prafulla set eyes for the first time, on the bustling city that would be his home for many years to come. He was filled with wonder at ever-charging sights and sounds-the city seemed to change moods ever so often! His formal schooling was interrupted due to illness but that did not affect his education.

(a) How did the British perfect their role as masters? (b) Educated Indians felt insulted because_____

(c) Prafulla was greatly influenced by his father because _____

(d) Prafulla's illness could not stop his learning because _____ (e) Intelligentsia in the paragraph means ____

Q2. Write a paragraph in about 100 words on <u>any one</u> of the following. (10)

(a) Scene at the Railway Station (b) A Day with my Grandparents.

Q3. You are Abhinav a resident of House No.99, Swachh Street, Sector-9, Bhopal. You feel concerned to see the modern children spending most of their time on the computer and mobile phones and indulging less in physical activities. You decide to write a letter to the Editor of 'The Times of India', Fort, Mumbai-400001 expressing your concern about the negative aspects of computer and mobile phones. Write the letter in about 150 words. **(15)**

Q4. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions or adverbs given in brackets. **(5x2=10)**

(a) The boy was walking _____ (in/along/at) the road when he saw an old man standing _____ (beside/besides/into) a tree.

(b) When the police searched _____ (for, from, No prepositions) the house, they found the smuggled items were looking _____ (up/for/with) hidden in the kitchen.

(c) Mohan's brother caught him _____ (from/by/at) the neck when Mohan tried to run away _____ home (across, to,from).

(d) He spoke _____ (at, in, to) Marathi.

(e) _____ (at, in, for) the evening, the old man looked out of his window at the children walking one _____ (after/on/behind) the other.

Q5. Complete the following sentences by choosing the correct phrases from the brackets. **(5x1=5)**

By leaps and bounds, touch down, heart and soul, bring the thieves to book, mend one's way

(a) The aeroplane will _____ at 2 o' clock.

(b) The profits of his company are increasing _____.

(c) It took several weeks for the police to _____.

(d) She devoted herself _____to the pursuit of music.

(e) Parents' advice always helps one to _____.

Q6. Change the following sentences into Passive or Active Voice as the case may be. **(5x2=10)**

(a) Did you waste money?

(b) I was telling you a story.

(c) She dropped her son at the school.

(d) Flowers are plucked by Mary.

(e) The problem was solved.

Q7. The following sentences are incorrect. Find out the error and write the sentences correctly. **(5x2=10)**

(a) I went to Goa the last year.

(b) Is she agree with us?

(c) I'm not very good for cooking.

(d) More you read less you understand.

(e) She dances good.

Q8. Write one word for the following group of words **(5x1=5)**

(a) An animal living both on land and in water.

(b) The crime of killing a king.

(c) A building where animals are killed for meat.

(d) A great lover of books.

(e) An unmarried woman.

Q9. Frame meaningful sentences by using each word. **(5x2=10)**

(a) Site	(b) Incite	(c) Alter	(d) Need	(e) Navel
Cite	Insight	Altar	Knead	Naval

Q10. You are Ajeet. You feel quite distressed to see that man has been cutting trees indiscriminately for centuries to fulfil his selfish interest. Ibcreasingly urbanization, rapid industrialization and growing population are leading to depletion of natural resources, hence, threatening the survival of mankind. You decide to write an aricle for your school magazine highlighting your views on the need to conserve nature. Using your own ideas, write the article in about 100-150 words on the topic 'Nature Conservation'. **(10)**

PART – B: SOCIAL STUDIES

Max Marks:75

Q1. State true/ False **(1x15=15)**

(a) Viveka Vardhini magazine was started by Kandukuri Veeresalingam.
(b) The partition of Bengal was ordered by Lord Cornwallis.
(c) The Vice-President is elected by only the elected members of the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.
(d) Sikhs form the largest single minority community in India.
(e) Animal husbandry is the main production activity in the villages of India.
(f) Sariska Tiger Reserve is situated in Alwar, Rajasthan?
(g) The rubber plantation vegetation belongs to Tropical Evergreen forest.
(h) Death rate is also known as mortality rate.
(i) The prosecution is the legal party which an individual accused of breaking of law.
(j) Ruhr region of Germany is famous for rich deposits of coal.
(k) Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2000 is an act of the Parliament of India.
(l) Mother Dairy is the cooperative which has brought about the white revolution in the country.
(m)BPL stands for Behind Poverty Level.
(n) Every person has a Fundamental Right to be defended by a lawyer under the Article 22.
(o) Rowlatt Acts (February 1919), empowered the British to put Indian people in jail without a trial.

Q2. Fill in the blanks **(1x15=15)**

(a) The first Deputy Prime Minister of Independent India was _____
(b) The _____ shepherds of Himachal Pradesh is a nomadic community.
(c) The author who described the revolt of 1857 as "the first war of independence" was_____
(d) The game of badminton originated in _____
(e) The highest mountain peak in the Karakoram Range is _____
(f) Narrow valleys between Shivalik and Himachal are known as _____
(g) _____ is the largest coffee-producing nation in the world.
(h) Hampi is located within the ruins of Vijayanagara, beside the river ____
(i) In Lok Sabha there are _____ seats.
(j) Emperor Ashoka belonged to _____ dynasty.
(k) _____ is a weather phenomenon caused when warm water from the Western Pacific Ocean flows eastward.
(l) The Delhi Police is under _____ government.
(m) In India , Forest Research Institute is situated in _____.
(n) The Battle of Buxar was fought in _____ year.
(o) Governor of RBI is _____.
(p) The river which joins Chenab in Pakistan is _____.

Q3. Write the full form of the following abbreviations :- (1x10=10)

(a) LBW (b) IMHO (c) FBI (d) EPABX (e) GAIL
(f) UNESCO (g) PIN (h) SPCA (i) SPICMACAY (j) PVSM

Q4. Match the following (1x10=10)

(a) Lord Dalhousie	(i) 1914
(b) Osaka	(ii) Bauxite
(c) Criminal Tribe Act	(iii) Criminal Court
(d) First World War	(iv) Manchester of Japan
(e) Jet stream	(v) Chairman of the Drafting committee
(f) Odisha	(vi) 1984
(g) Dr BR Ambedkar	(vii) Chief Judge
(h) Qazi	(viii) Doctrine of Lapse
(i) Bhopal Gas Tragedy	(ix) High altitude westernly winds
(j) Faujdari adalat	(x) 1871

Q5. Write short notes on any five of the following topic (limit 50 words) (5x5=25)

(a) National Food Security Bill
(b) Public Interest Litigation
(c) Describe the life style of Gujjar Bakarwals
(d) India is a secular state
(e) River disputes in India
(f) Doctrine of Lapse
(g) Jan Lokpal Bill

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