MID-TERM EXAMINATION

Question Paper 2024-25

NCERT BASED SYLLABUS

FOR CBSE AND STATE BOARD
FOLLOWING NCERT

Mid Term Examination
SESSION: 2024-2025
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS – VI

Name: _____Sec: _____Roll No: _____

Time Allowed: 3 hrs. **Max. Marks: 80**

Invigilator's Sign: **Examiner's Sign:**

Part -I Geography (40)

Section- A (MCQ) 1x10=10

Choose the correct option and put a tick mark on it.

1. The blue colours shows _____on the map.
   i) Clouds ii) Vegetation
   iii) Plateau iv) Water bodies
2. Which is not a thematic map?
   i) political map ii) geological map
   iii) Topographical map iv) weather map
3. The period of rotation is known as _____.
   i) Sunday ii) Earthday
   iii) Moonday iv) Halfday
4. Spring equinox occurs on _____.
   i) 21st April ii) 21st March
   iii) 21st May iv) 21st June
5. The diffused light after Sun set is called _____.
   i) Dawn ii) Noon
   ii) Twilight iv) Mid night
6. The latitude of 23 ½ degree south is known as _____.
   i) Tropic of cancer ii) Tropic of Capricorn
   iii) Equator iv) GMT

schools.aglasem.com

aglasem.com

7. How many standard time zone in Russia?

i) 6 ii) 8

iii) 5 iv) 1

8. How many meridians are there on the globe?

i) 180 ii) 360

iii) 90 iv) 0

9. Mars is known as _____ planet.

i) Green ii) Blue iii) Yellow iv) Red

10. Which one of them is inner planet?

i) Venus ii) Jupiter iii) Uranus iv) Neptune

Section- B (VSA) 2x4=8

11. What do you mean by the term ‘Map'?

12. What is Dawn?

13. Define equator.

14. Which planet is known as Blue Giant? Write its one feature.

Section- C (SA) 3x3=9

15. Classify the map on the basis of content or purpose.

16. Write different between high tides and low tides.

17. What do you know about Standard time of India (IST)? Explain.

Section- D (LA) 5x2=10

18. Write a short note on the following: Sketch and Plan.

19. Explain the effects of Revolution with diagram.

Or

Explain the effects of Rotation with diagram.

Section- E (Diagram based) 3x1=3

11. Draw a sketch of village.

Or

Show a plan of your school campus

schools.aglasem.com

aglasem.com

Class VI

History MCQ (1x5=5)

Q 21. The "Ashvamedha" was the sacrifice of _____.
a) Bull b) cow c)goat d) horse

22. Total number of Mahajanapadas was _____.
a) 12 b) 16) c) 14 d) 18

23. An important drink mentioned in the Vedas is _____
a) mango juice b) buttermilk c) soma d) honey

24. The Great Bath was discovered in _____.
a) Rakhigarhi b) Lothal c) Harappa d) Mohenjodaro

25. In the early stages, humans were _____ and nomads.
a) advanced b) hunter-gatherers c) musicians d) singers

Civics MCQ (1x5=5)

26. The famous dance form of Assam is _____.
a) Bhangra b) Ghumar c) Lavani d) Bihu

27. India is a secular country because the people have the _____
a) the right to equality b) right to freedom
c) right against exploitation d) freedom to practice their religions

28. Providing justice in a country is the responsibility of the _____
a) executive b) police c) judiciary d) legislature

29. The form of government in which people elect their representatives is _____
a) aristocracy b) democracy c) dictatorship d) monarchy

30. The members of the Gram Sabha must be of the _____ years of age
a) 25 b) 22 c) 20 d) 18

31. (H-VSA)
Why is the Early Vedic Age is also called the Rig Vedic Age? (2)

32. (C-VSA)
India is a secular country – explain. (2)

33. (H-SA)
In Early Vedic period, society was more egalitarian – explain this statement with example. (3)

34. (C-SA)
Distinguish between Democracy and Monarchy (3)

35. (H-LA)
Describe different types of sources of History. (5)

Or

Write a brief note on the Housing and Drainage of the Harappan cities.(5)

36. (C-LA)
India is a land of diverse cultures and religions – elaborate.

37. (H- ~~case based~~ Higher Order Thinking Skill based)
In Harappan civilization, seals are an important source of history. – Why? And how?(2+2=4)

schools.aglasem.com

aglasem.com

38. (C- Case based)
Imagine that a country has become free from foreign hold. This country will form a democratic system to govern the country. – If you were given the responsibility to make the basic framework for the governance of this country, how would be the framework? (4)
39. Make a diagram showing the bicameral legislature of India (of the central government) (2)

Class -6

26.Kerala is famous for----------.. (5×1)
a. Sugercane farming
b.pashmina
c.spices
d.Monasteries
27. The Statement of ideals in our country is called-
a. Preface
b.Intriduction
c. Fraternity
d. Drafting
28. The link between Gram Panchayat and Zila Parishad is the
a. District Court
b. Gram Sabha
c.Nyaya Panchayat
d. Block Samiti
29.To make new laws is the task of the -
a.Government
b.Leguslature
c.Judiciary
d.Executive
30. In _____ form of government power is vested in one man
a. Democracy
b.Monarchy
c.Kingdom
d.Dictatorship
32.Who was Bhim Rao Ambedkar? (2)
34. Define Stereotype. Explain it with an example. (2+1)
36.i. Geographical Diversity is an important aspect of India - Explain (3)
ii. What is the role of a district collector? (2)
38. Study-Based Question.

schools.aglasem.com

aglasem.com

Read the passage carefully.

Women are increasingly participating in the Panchayati Raj system. They are members of the Gram Sabha. Many women want to contest Panchayat elections. While many areas have women sarpanch, some even have all-women Panchayats.In a significant step, the government has reserved 50 per cent of all seats in the Panchayats for du women. As a result, women are able to play a bigger role in the Panchayats.

More participation of women would mean better management of funds, and better approach towards projects and issues such as sanitation, education of girls, domestic violence and alcohol de-addiction.

Answer the following question: (2×2)

1. What was the significant step of government towards the women?
2. 'More participation of women'- What it indicates?

schools.aglasem.com

aglasem.com

QUESTION PAPERS

GET PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION PAPERS FOR ALL CLASSES FOR CBSE, ISCSE, ISC AND ALL ALL STATE BOARDS HERE AT AGLASEM.COM

BOARD WISE

- Andhra Pradesh Board Question Papers
- Assam Board Question Papers
- Bihar Board Question Papers
- Chhattisgarh Board Question Papers
- Goa Board Question Papers
- Gujarat Board Question Papers
- Haryana Board Question Papers
- Himachal Pradesh Board Question Papers
- J&K State Board Question Papers
- Jharkhand Board Question Papers
- Karnataka Board Question Papers
- Kerala Board Question Papers
- Madhya Pradesh Board Question Papers
- Maharashtra State Board Question Papers
- Manipur Board Question Papers
- Meghalaya Board Question Papers
- Mizoram Board Question Papers
- Nagaland Board Question Papers
- Orissa Board Question Papers
- Punjab Board Question Papers
- Rajasthan Board Question Papers
- Tamil Nadu Board Question Papers
- Telangana State Board Question Papers
- Tripura Board Question Papers
- Uttarakhand Board Question Papers
- Uttar Pradesh (UP) Board Question Papers
- West Bengal (WB) Board Question Papers