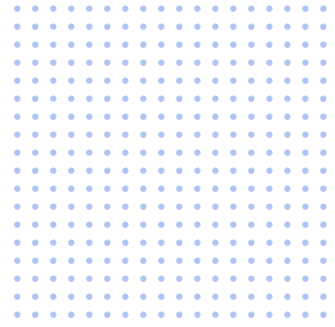




FOR KUET EXAM PREPARATION

KUET 2024

Question Paper · M.A. Political Science

EXAM	YEAR	TYPE	SUBJECT
KUET	2024	Question Paper	M.A. Political Science

Sr. No. **841****ENTRANCE TEST-2024****SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES****POLITICAL SCIENCES**

Total Questions : 60
Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Question Booklet Series

A

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
7. There will be '**Negative Marking**' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

SP-4483-A

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[Turn over

1. Who among the following defined political power as 'acting in concert' ?
 - (A) Aristotle
 - (B) Samuel Johnson
 - (C) David Easton
 - (D) Hannah Arendts
2. Behaviouralism suggests that social theories should not be based on :
 - (A) Observable behaviour
 - (B) Ethical beliefs
 - (C) Quantifiable data
 - (D) Hypothesis testing
3. Which one among the following is not true about the state ?
 - (A) It is Sovereign
 - (B) It is a territorial association
 - (C) Exercises delegitimate violence
 - (D) It is an exercise in Legitimation
4. The central functions of the 'minimal state' are :
 - I. Maintenance of domestic order
 - II. To ensure that voluntary agreements are respected
 - III. To provide security from external aggression
 - (A) I and II
 - (B) I and III
 - (C) All of these
 - (D) None of these
5. Robert Nozick was the supporter of :
 - (A) Right-based theory of justice
 - (B) Moral basis for redistribution
 - (C) Both (A) & (B)
 - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
6. For whom, positive freedom consists of 'being one's own master' ?
 - (A) Laski
 - (B) Isiah Berlin
 - (C) MacIver
 - (D) All of these
7. Who suggests that 'Each person is to have an equal right to the most extensive liberty compatible with a similar liberty for others' ?
 - (A) John Locke
 - (B) Adam Smith
 - (C) Robert Nozick
 - (D) John Rawls
8. Who has described non-decision-making as the 'second face of power' ?
 - (A) Max Weber
 - (B) Henry Kissinger
 - (C) Roger Boesche
 - (D) Bachrach and Baratz
9. Which of the following ideas is associated with Aristotle ?
 - (A) Might is Right
 - (B) Golden Mean
 - (C) The Theory of Forms
 - (D) All the three are his ideas
10. According to Plato which are the three elements in human Soul ?
 - (A) Reason, Justice, Spirit
 - (B) Reason, Spirit, Appetite
 - (C) Justice, Spirit, Appetite
 - (D) Reason, Liberty, Justice

11. Which is incorrect regarding Plato regarding guardians ?
 (A) Disallowed them to have a family
 (B) Disallowed them individual houses
 (C) Disallowed them to rule
 (D) Disallowed them personal property
12. Which of the following is incorrect regarding the classification of the constitution of Aristotle ?
 (A) Polity is the best form of government
 (B) Democracy is a perverted form of government
 (C) Peasant-based democracy is better than extreme democracy
 (D) In extreme democracy there is huge respect for the law
13. For him, 'there are two ways of contesting, the one by the law, the other by force'; Identify the philosopher :
 (A) Aristotle
 (B) Plato
 (C) Machiavelli
 (D) Hobbes
14. Thomas Hobbes did not write :
 (A) De Cive
 (B) Discourses
 (C) Leviathan
 (D) Elements of Law
15. For Machiavelli :
 (A) The individual liberty can be best preserved in a republican form of government
 (B) Only those cities and countries that are free can achieve greatness
 (C) Both of these
 (D) None of these
16. Which of the following is incorrect regarding the idea of political power of John Locke ?
 (A) Absolute power to the sovereign
 (B) Right to make laws with penalties of death
 (C) Employing the force of the community to execute these laws
 (D) Power to wage wars to preserve community
17. Who among the following is associated with the slogan 'Back to Nature' ?
 (A) Hobbes
 (B) Rousseau
 (C) J.S. Mill
 (D) Hegel
18. Jeremy Bentham favoured :
 (A) One's own happiness
 (B) Happiness of others as well
 (C) Both (A) & (B)
 (D) None of these
19. Which among the following is not correct regarding J.S. Mill's Philosophy ?
 (A) Women should be granted equal rights
 (B) Liberty for improvement of moral and mental faculties
 (C) Restriction on liberty to prevent harm
 (D) Right to freedom of expression to majority community
20. Which of the following ideas does not belong to Karl Marx ?
 (A) Organic state
 (B) Surplus Value
 (C) Critique of capitalism
 (D) Historical materialism

21. Among the following characteristics of system approach to study comparative politics, take the odd one out :
- A political system is a set of interactions
 - A political system is a closed system
 - A political system is not a static but a dynamic affair
 - There is an environment of a political system
22. According to Almond, which one among the following is not a property of a system ?
- Comprehensiveness
 - Interdependence
 - Non-amalgamation of cultures
 - Existence of boundaries
23. Following are the types of Almond's tripartite division of political culture, except :
- Ascriptive Political Culture
 - Parochial Political Culture
 - Subject Political Culture
 - Participant Political Culture
24. The concept of Political Socialisation in Comparative Politics was the outcome of which of the following concepts ?
- Politics
 - Equality
 - Laws
 - Political Development
25. Which among the following countries doesn't have a Federal system of government ?
- India
 - UK
 - USA
 - Canada
26. US Vice President Kamala Harris belongs to which political party ?
- Republican Party
 - Democratic Party
 - Labour Party
 - Justice Party
27. Proportional Representation can be achieved by :
- Single Transferable Vote System
 - List System
 - Both (A) & (B)
 - None of these
28. Which of the following is not a feature of a Parliamentary Government ?
- Leadership of the Prime Minister
 - Collective Responsibility
 - Political Hegemony
 - Effective opposition
29. All realist thinkers subscribe to the following assumptions except one of the following :
- States are the main actors on the world stage
 - Powerful non-state actors are equally important
 - Survival is the most important goal in world politics
 - World politics is a self-help system
30. Match the following :
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. H.J. Morgenthau | a. Power and Interdependence : World Politics in Transition |
| 2. K.N. Waltz | b. World-System Analysis |
| 3. R.O. Keohane and Joseph S. Nye | c. Politics among Nations |
| 4. Immanuel Wallerstein | d. Theory of International Politics |
- Choose the correct option :
- | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (A) | c | d | a | b |
| (B) | c | d | b | a |
| (C) | c | b | a | d |
| (D) | b | d | c | a |

31. Which of the following is not among the six principles of Morgenthau ?
- Abstract moral principles cannot be applied to international politics
 - State should impose its moral aspirations on other states
 - National interest defined in terms of power
 - Autonomy of international politics
32. Doyle's democratic peace thesis was influenced by which of the following concepts ?
- Keohane- complex Interdependence
 - Burton- World Society
 - Ikenberry- liberal internationalism
 - Kant- Perpetual peace
33. Which treaty among the following led to the establishment of the European Union in 1992 ?
- Treaty of Paris
 - Treaty of Rome
 - Amsterdam Treaty
 - Maastricht Treaty
34. Who among the following announced the 'Open Door Policy' in China in 1978 ?
- Mao Zedong
 - Hu Jintao
 - Xi Jinping
 - Deng Xiaoping
35. Which of the following country's constitutions renounce war as a sovereign right ?
- Japan
 - India
 - China
 - Russia
36. India's Look East Policy was formulated by which one of the following Prime Ministers ?
- Rajiv Gandhi
 - P.V. Narsimha Rao
 - Manmohan Singh
 - Narendra Modi
37. Gandhi ji started following newspapers except one :
- Navjivan*
 - Kesari*
 - Indian Opinion*
 - Young India*
38. The Gandhi-Ambedkar debate on untouchability ended with signing of :
- Poona Pact
 - Rowlatt Act
 - Pitts India Act
 - Act of 1935
39. Who among the following leaders moved the historic 'Objective Resolution' in the Constituent Assembly on Dec., 13, 1946 ?
- V.B. Patel
 - J.L. Nehru
 - M.K. Gandhi
 - B.R. Ambedkar
40. Who among the following, in 1934 for the first time put forward the idea of a Constituent Assembly for India ?
- Pt. Nehru
 - Gandhi Ji
 - M.N. Roy
 - Moulana Azad

41. Who said that "Public administration consists of all those operations having for their purpose the fulfillment or enforcement of Public Policy" ?
 (A) L.D. White
 (B) Herbert Simon
 (C) John A. Vieg
 (D) E.N. Gladden
42. According to Appleby Public administration differs from Private administration in the following aspects :
 (A) Political character
 (B) The breadth of scope, impact, and consideration
 (C) Public accountability
 (D) All of the above
43. F.W. Taylor advocated the concepts of :
 (A) Standardisation of tools and equipment
 (B) Humanistic selection, placement and training
 (C) Development of functional foremanship
 (D) Both (A) and (C)
44. Who among the following did not subscribe to a mechanistic view of the organisation ?
 (A) Henry Fayol
 (B) F.W.Taylor
 (C) Elton Mayo
 (D) Luther Gulick
45. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of Development Administration ?
 (A) Change Orientation
 (B) Centralisation
 (C) Client Orientation
 (D) Goal Orientation
46. Following are the features of Weber's 'Bureaucracy', except :
 (A) Informal rules
 (B) Division of labour
 (C) Hierarchy of offices
 (D) Impersonal nature
47. The main Riggsian models of public administration are :
 (A) Agraria-Industria Model
 (B) Fused Prismatic Diffracted Model
 (C) Bureaucratic Model
 (D) Both (A) & (B)
48. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of Good Governance ?
 (A) Transparency
 (B) Participation
 (C) Secrecy
 (D) Accountability
49. Which one of the following is not a feature of Indian federalism ?
 (A) Constitutionally guaranteed division of power between the central government and constituent states
 (B) Independent Judiciary
 (C) A written Constitution
 (D) India as a 'Union of States' is an agreement among the federating Units
50. Under the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, it can decide the disputes between :
 (A) The Union and one or more States
 (B) Two or more States
 (C) India and one or more neighbouring States
 (D) Both (A) and (B)

51. No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to procedure established by law, is mentioned in which of the following parts or article/s of the Constitution ?
 (A) Article 20
 (B) Article 19
 (C) Article 352
 (D) Preamble
52. Which of the following schedules of the Indian Constitution provides provisions for the Disqualification on the Ground of Defection :
 (A) 4th Schedule
 (B) 5th Schedule
 (C) 10th Schedule
 (D) 7th Schedule
53. Which one of the following committees is not associated with Panchayati Raj in India ?
 (A) Tarakunde Committee
 (B) Balwant Rai Mehta Committee
 (C) Ashok Mehta Committee
 (D) L.M. Singhvi Committee
54. What is not true about Fundamental Rights ?
 (A) They are not absolute
 (B) They cannot be amended
 (C) They are mentioned in Part 3rd of the Constitution
 (D) They can be suspended with exceptions
55. Droupadi Murmu is serving as :
 (A) India's 14th President
 (B) India's 15th President
 (C) India's 16th President
 (D) India's 18th President
56. Who is the Leader of Opposition in the 16th Lok Sabha in India ?
 (A) Manmohan Singh
 (B) Rahul Gandhi
 (C) Mallikarjun Kharge
 (D) No one
57. Which of the following laws are related to the land reforms in Jammu and Kashmir ?
 (A) Big Landed Estates Abolition Act, 1950
 (B) J & K Agrarian Reforms Act, 1972
 (C) J & K Agrarian Reforms Act, 1976
 (D) All the above
58. The treaty of Amritsar signed on March 16, 1846, possesses :
 (A) Ten articles
 (B) Seven articles
 (C) Eleven articles
 (D) Five articles
59. The Jammu & Kashmir Panchayati Raj Act was passed in :
 (A) 1948
 (B) 1958
 (C) 1989
 (D) 1951
60. The Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019, provides for :
 (A) Amendment of the First Schedule to the Constitution
 (B) Amendment of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution
 (C) Both (A) & (B)
 (D) None of these