PART - IV : Language - II [English (Compulsory)]

দৰকাৰী ঃ এই অংশ ভাষা-II (ইংৰাজী)-ত মুঠ 30টা প্ৰশ্ন আছে আৰু এই অংশ সকলো পৰীক্ষাৰ্থীৰ বাবে বাধ্যতামূলক।

দরকারী ঃ এই ভাগে **ভাষা-II (ইংরাজী)** -তে মোট 30টি প্রশ্ন আছে এবং এই ভাগ সকল পরীক্ষার্থীর জন্য বাধ্যতামূলক।

नायनो गोनां : ब्रैथि बाहागोयाव **राव -II (इंराजी) नि मोन 30** सोंनायनि गासैनिबो फिन होनाया गासैबो बिनायसानि थाखाय एंगार हायै।

महत्त्वपूर्ण : सभी परीक्षार्थियों के लिए इस भाग में **भाषा-II (अंग्रेजी) के सभी 30** प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।

Important : This Part contains 30 questions for **Language -II (English)** and it is compulsory for all candidates.

(E N G L I S H)

Direction (Q.No. 91 - 93) :
Read the following sentences. In each sentence one word is underlined. A set of four alternatives are given against each underlined word. Select the word opposite in meaning for each of the underlined word.

91. The Judge thought that the offence was deliberate .
(A) negligible (B) unintentional (C) casual (D) legitimate

92. Modesty is a virtue but it must not be allowed to be exploited.
(A) reserve (B) mildness (C) boldness (D) humility

93. The Government may identify vulnerable areas for precautions.
(A) important (B) remote (C) invincible (D) famous

Direction (Q. No. 94 - 98) :
Select the correct alternative for the underlined word in each item given below. Against each underlined word a set of four alternatives are given. Choose the correct one.

94. Prognostic test discriminates learners and provides guidance for future career.
(A) Achievement (B) Diagnostic (C) Remedial (D) Predictive

95. Learning a language involves the establishment of the links between the language form and their meaning.
(A) style (B) pattern (C) type (D) usage

96. A sense of success and achievement is especially vital in any teaching learning environment for motivation to learn.
(A) incentive (B) willingness (C) desire (D) passion

97. The cognitivistic school of language teaching looks upon language learning as a process of hypothesis formation and hypothesis testing.
(A) explanation (B) assumption (C) idea (D) principle

98. Language teaching methodology indicates the sequence to be followed in a language activity, and the role of the teacher and the learner in the sequence.

(A) technique (B) design (C) procedure (D) process

Direction (Q.No. 99 - 101) :
In the following sentences some are correct and some are incorrect. Find out which part of the sentence has an error. Mark it as (a), (b) or (c). If there is no error mark (d).

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99. No other hill station (a) / is as beautiful as Shillong (b) / with its scenic beauties. (c) / No error (d)

(A) (a) (B) (b) (C) (c) (D) (d)

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100. Perhaps you know that (a) / I have passed the examination (b) / in 2015. (c) / No error (d)

(A) (a) (B) (b) (C) (c) (D) (d)

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101. The world today is totally (a) / different than we have seen (b) / in the last century. (c) / No error (d)

(A) (a) (B) (b) (C) (c) (D) (d)

Direction (Q.No. 102 - 104) :
In the following items you will find some gaps. Four alternatives are given against each gap. Select the most appropriate alternative for each gap.

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102. Encouraged by the success of his venture, he has decided to embark _____ the expansion of the project.

(A) at (B) for (C) with (D) upon

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103. The rich are always succeptible _____ flattery.

(A) for (B) to (C) of (D) into

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104. Co-operation between friends stems _____ mutual understanding.

(A) at (B) from (C) upon (D) in

Direction (Q.No. 105 - 107) :
Each set of the following sentences have four alternatives. Select the most suitable alternative in accordance with the correct use of tense.

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105. (A) It is looking that it may rain. (B) It looks that it may rain.
(C) It is looked that it may rain. (D) It looks that it might rain.

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106. (A) He lived in Delhi for two years when I went there.
(B) He was living in Delhi for two years when I went there.
(C) He had been living in Delhi for two years when I went there.
(D) He had lived in Delhi for two years when I went there.

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107. (A) For the last three months I am working on the book.

(B) For the last three months I have been working on the book.

(C) For the last three months I had worked on the book.

(D) For the last three months I have worked on the book.

Direction (Q.No. 108 - 110) :

In each of the following items one word is underlined. Four alternatives are given against each underlined word. Select/Choose the word/phrases nearest in meaning to the underlined words.

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108. There is no single method to teach in every class. The teacher must be eclectic in his approach.

(A) unusual (B) proximate

(C) round about (D) drawing from various sources

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109. One should be precise in his speech and should not be impertinent in expression.

(A) impudent (B) restrained (C) irrelevant (D) superfluous

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110. A scientist generally carries out his investigations empirically .

(A) by intuitively (B) by observation and experiment

(C) verbally (D) logically

Direction (Q.No. 111 - 114) :

In the following passage there are blanks each of which has been numbered. The suitable word for the blank has been mentioned against the number given below. Select the most appropriate word in the context of the whole passage.

When I go into a stranger's library I **111** round the book shelves. This is to know the type of person he is and I feel that I know the **112** to his mind.

A house without books is a **113** house, no matter how rich the carpets are. These only tell you whether he **114** a lot of money, but the books tell you whether he has a mind as well.

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111. (A) wonder (B) run (C) look (D) wander

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112. (A) secret (B) mystery (C) key (D) solution

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113. (A) characterless (B) bleak (C) unlucky (D) bad

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114. (A) had (B) has (C) have (D) has had

Direction (Q.No. 115 - 117) :
In the following items some parts of the sentences have been jumbled. You are required to rearrange these parts which are labelled as PQRS. Choose the correct sequence of the labels to get the meaningful sentence.

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115. The management having agreed (S) the workers called off the strike (R) to increase their wages (Q) and returned to work (P)

(A) SPQR (B) SQRP (C) SRPQ (D) SRQP

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116. Scientists carrying out a study of an ancient (P) caused by man made carbondioxide emission (Q) glacier feeding the Ganga may melt before the end of 21st century (R) because of climatic changes (S)

(A) SRPQ (B) PRSQ (C) PQSR (D) RQSP

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117. The essence of democracy (P) for which every citizen must be (Q) educated and matured (S) is the active participation of the people in govt. affairs (R)

(A) PQSR (B) PRQS (C) PSQR (D) PSRQ

Direction (Q.No. 118 - 120) :
The following sentences are given in Active/Passive Voice. Four alternative sentences are given against each item. Select the best alternative that expresses the same.

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118. We must endure what we cannot cure :
(A) What could be cured must be endured by us.
(B) What could not be cured must be endured by us.
(C) What cannot be cured must be endured by us.
(D) What would not be cured must be endured by us.

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119. One must keep one's promise :
(A) One's promises are to be kept. (B) One's promises must be kept.
(C) One's promises one must keep. (D) One's promises were to be kept.

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120. Modern means of communication have made life much more comfortable.
(A) Life was made much more comfortable by the modern means of communication.
(B) Life has been made much more comfortable by the modern means of communication.
(C) Life had been made much more comfortable by the modern means of communication.
(D) Life is being made much more comfortable by the modern means of communication.
