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FOR PUNJAB CLASS 12 PREPARATION

PSEB 12th Sample Paper 2027 Philosophy

EXAM	YEAR	TYPE	SUBJECT
Punjab Class 12	2027	Sample Paper	Philosophy

MODEL TEST PAPER
General Category
Class XII
Philosophy
Session 2026–27

Time: 3 Hours **Theory: 80 Marks**

Internal Assessment: 20 Marks

Total: 100 Marks

All sections are compulsory.

There are five sections A, B, C, D and E.

SECTION -A

Q1. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (10×1=10)

1. What is the source of knowledge according to Rationalism?

   A. Observation B. Intuition C. **Reason** D. Experience

2. According to Empiricism what is rejected? :

   A. **Innate Ideas** B) Reason C) Experience D) External world

3. Materialism believes in the ultimate reality of :

   A. God B) Mind C) Ideas D) **Matter**

4. A valid hypothesis must be:

   A. **Testable and verifiable** B)unstable C)Self-contradictory D) None of the above

5. Non-scientific method mostly rely on:

A. Controlled experiments B **Tradition and Intuition** C Based on reliable source D All of the above

6. Inference is a process of passing from:

A. False statements to true statements B) **Known truths to unknown truths** C) Unknown truths to known truths D) Assumptions to guesses

7. What happens to the subject and predicate in conversion?

A. They are negated B) They are removed C)They remain unchanged D) **They are interchanged**

8. How many parts does a proposition have?

A. Two B) **Three** C) Four D) Fives

9. Which of the following is considered as *Nastika* (heterodox) school of Indian philosophy?

A. **Charvaka** B) Nyaya C) Samkhya D) Vaisheshika

10. In Indian epistemology, valid means of knowledge are known as:

A. Pramata B)Prameya C) Prama D) **Pramana**

SECTION B

Q2. OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS (10×1=10)

1. John Locke is a major proponent of……. . (**Empiricism**)
2. Materialism gives a mechanical interpretation of the universe. (**True**/False)
3. What kind of knowledge is provided by intuition? (**Direct knowledge**)

4. A scientific method relies on --------- observation and experimentation. (**Systematic**/Random)
5. Objectivity is an essential characteristic of the scientific method. (**True**/False)
6. A fact can be explained by knowing it's……. (**Causes**)
7. Scientific explanations are systematic. (**True**/False)
8. How many propositions are there in an immediate inference? (**Two**)
9. In Indian philosophy Religion and philosophy are related. (**True**/False)
10. Complete detachment from the fruits of action is known as ……. (**Nishkama**)

SECTION C

Q3. SOURCE-BASED QUESTIONS

I. SOURCE-BASED PASSAGE (6×1=6)

Rationalism states that reason is the source of knowledge and supports innate ideas. Philosophers like Spinoza support rationalism, while Leibnitz claims all ideas are innate. Conversely, Empiricism holds that experience is the source of knowledge. John Locke supports Empiricism and rejects ideas. Intuition gives direct knowledge.

1. What is the source of knowledge according to rationalism? (**Reason**)

2. What type of knowledge intuition gives us? (**Direct knowledge**)

3. Who claims that all ideas are innate? (**Leibnitz**)

4. What is the source of knowledge according to Empiricism? (**Experience**)

5. Which philosopher supports Empiricism and rejects innate ideas? (**John Locke**)

6. Which philosopher, besides Leibnitz, is mentioned as supporting rationalism? (**Spinoza**)

II. CASE-STUDY-BASED QUESTIONS (6×1=6)

CASE-STUDY PASSAGE

A philosophy student named Nitika investigated why planets orbit the Sun in precise paths. While popular explanation attributed this harmony to divine mystery, Nitika applied scientific explanation to trace the mathematical laws of motion. Her inquiry demonstrated that while science reveals mechanisms, human understanding still faces ultimate limitations.

1. Who investigated planet orbits? (**Nitika**)
2. What attribute did popular explanation rely on? (**divine mystery**)
3. What objects were orbiting the Sun? (**Planets**)
4. What type of explanation used mathematical laws? (**Scientific**)
5. What path shape or order do the planets follow around the sun?(**Precise paths**)
6. What celestial body do the planets orbit? (**Sun**)

SECTION D

Q4. SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (6×4=24)

1. Compare Subjective Idealism and Mechanical Materialism
2. Explain Intuition in your own words.
3. How hypothesis is important in scientific method?
4. Describe the utility of Explanation.
5. What is inference? Define immediate and mediate inference.
6. What is the idea of God according to Sikhism?

SECTION E

Q5. LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (4×6=24)

1. Critically describe Pragmatic theory of truth.
2. What is the meaning of hypothesis? How a relevant hypothesis is formed?
3. Describe the division of proposition on various bases.
4. Describe the main teachings of Bhagwad Gita.