NCERT SOLUTIONS CLASS - 8TH

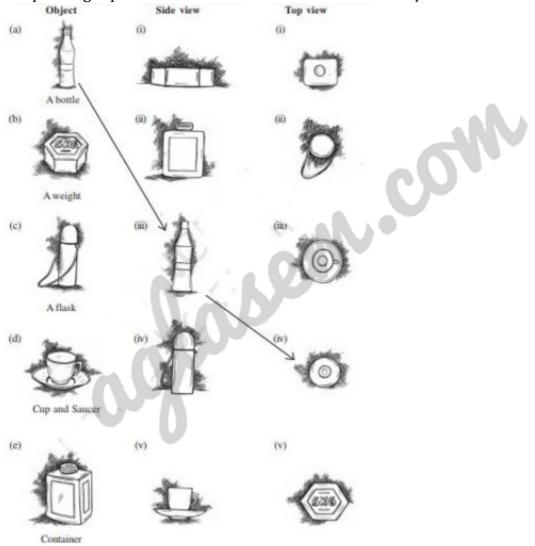




Class : 8th Subject : Maths Chapter : 10 Chapter Name : Visualising Solid Shapes

Exercise 10.1

Q1 For each of the given solid, the two views are given. Match for each solid the corresponding top and front views. The first one is done for you



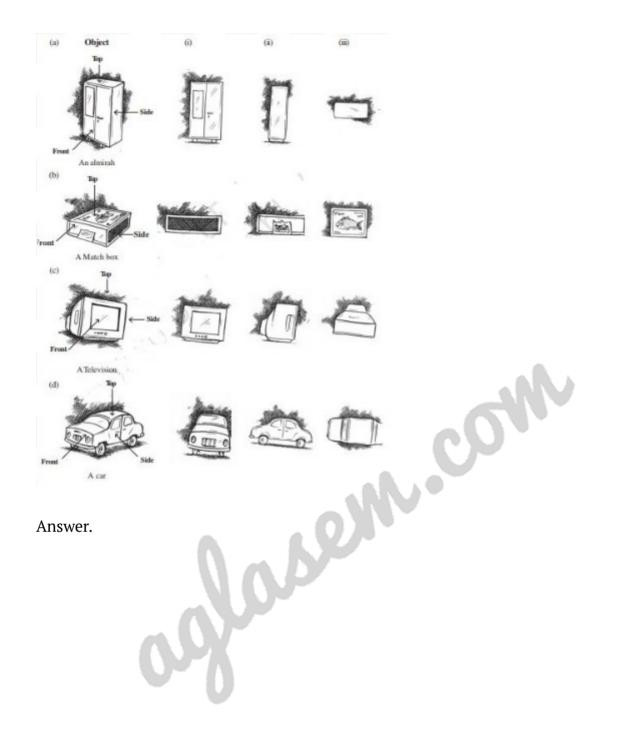
Answer. The given solids, matched to their respective side view and top view, are as follows.

Object Side view Top view



Page : 157, Block Name : Exercise 10.1

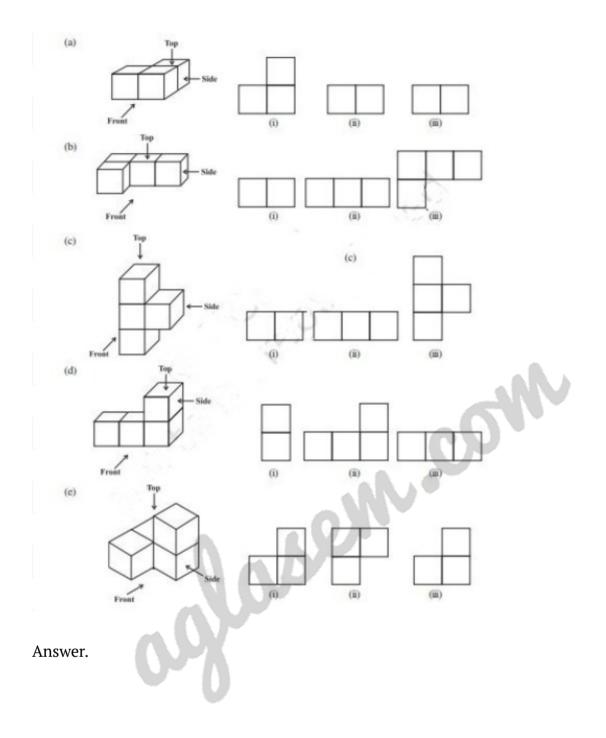
Q2 For each of the given solid, the three views are given. Identify for each solid the corresponding top, front and side views.

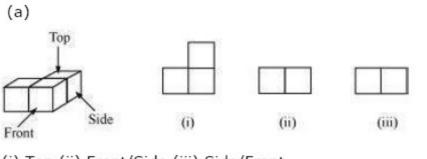




Page: 158, Block Name: Exercise 10.1

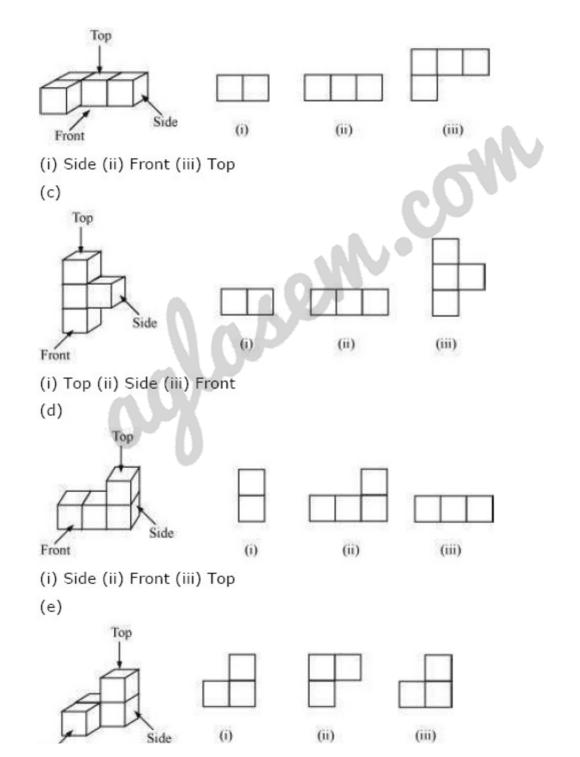
Q3 For each given solid, identify the top view, front view and side view



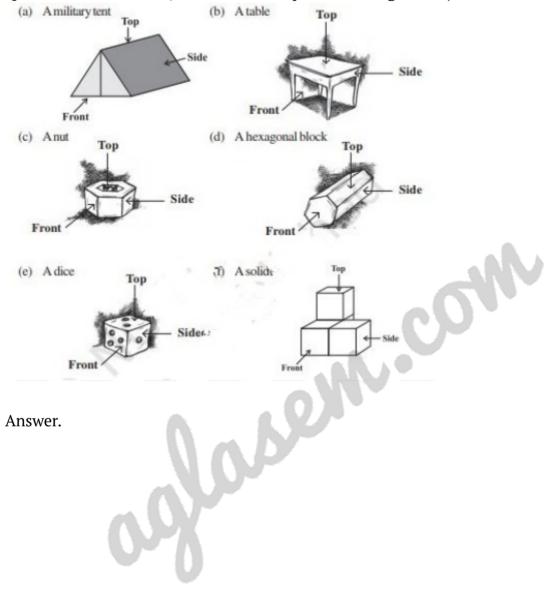


(i) Top (ii) Front/Side (iii) Side/Front

(b)



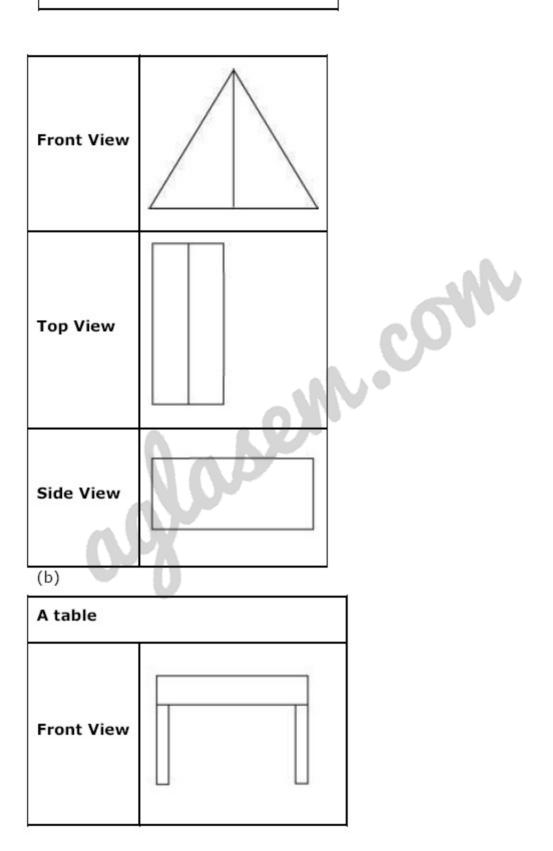
Page: 159, Block Name: Exercise 10.1



Q4 Draw the front view, side view and top view of the given objects.

(a)

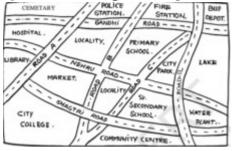
A military tent



Page: 160, Block Name: Exercise 10.1

Exercise 10.2

Q1 Look at the given map of a city.



Answer the following.

(a) Colour the map as follows: Blue-water, red-fire station, orange-library, yellow -

schools, Green - park, Pink - College, Purple - Hospital, Brown - Cemetery.

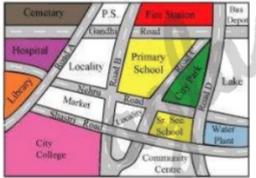
(b) Mark a green 'X' at the intersection of Road 'C' and Nehru Road, Green 'Y' at the intersection of Gandhi Road and Road A.

(c) In red, draw a short street route from Library to the bus depot.

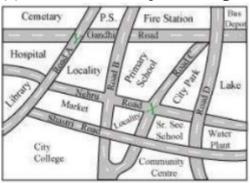
(d) Which is further east, the city park or the market?

(e) Which is further south, the primary school or the Sr. Secondary School?

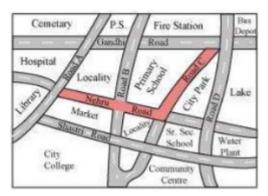
Answer. (a) The given map coloured in the required way is as follows.



(b)The marks can be put at the given points as follows.



(c) The shortest route from the library to bus depot is represented by red colour.



(d) Between the Market and the City Park, the City Park is further east.

(e) Between the Primary School and the Sr. Secondary School, the Sr. Secondary School is further south.

Page: 163, Block Name: Exercise 10.2

Q2 Draw a map of your classroom using proper scale and symbols for different objects.

Answer. DIY

Page: 163, Block Name: Exercise 10.2

Q3 Draw a map of your school compound using proper scale and symbols for various features like play ground main building, garden etc

Answer. DIY

Page: 163, Block Name: Exercise 10.2

Q4 Draw a map giving instructions to your friend so that she reaches your house without any difficulty

Answer. DIY

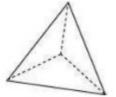
Page : 163, Block Name : Exercise 10.2

Exercise 10.3

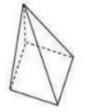
Q1 Can a polyhedron have for its faces(i) 3 triangles?(ii) 4 triangles?(iii) a square and four triangles?

Answer. (i) No, such a polyhedron is not possible. A polyhedron has minimum 4 faces.

(ii) Yes, a triangular pyramid has 4 triangular faces.



(iii) Yes, a square pyramid has a square face and 4 triangular faces.

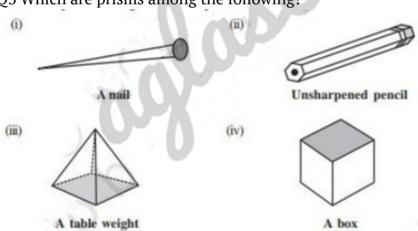


Page: 166, Block Name: Exercise 10.3

Q2 Is it possible to have a polyhedron with any given number of faces? (Hint: Think of a pyramid).

Answer. A polyhedron has a minimum Of 4 faces.

Page: 166, Block Name: Exercise 10.3



Q3 Which are prisms among the following?

Answer. (i) It is not a polyhedron as it has a curved surface. Therefore, it will not be a prism also.

(ii) It is a prism.

(iii) It is not a prism. It is a pyramid.

(iv) It is a prism.

Page : 166, Block Name : Exercise 10.3

Q4 (i) How are prisms and cylinders alike?

(ii) How are pyramids and cones alike?

Answer. (i) A cylinder can be thought of as a circular prism i.e., a prism that has a circle as its base.

(ii) A cone can be thought of as a circular pyramid i.e., a pyramid that has a circle as its base.

Page: 166, Block Name: Exercise 10.3

Q5 Is a square prism same as a cube? Explain.

Answer. A square prism has a square as its base. However, its height is not necessarily same as the side of the square. Thus, a square prism can also be a cuboid.

Page: 166, Block Name: Exercise 10.3

Q6 Verify Euler's formula for these solids.

(ii)



Answer. (i) Number of faces = F = 7Number of vertices = V = 10Number of edges = E = 15We have, F + V - E = 7 + 10 - 15 = 17 - 15 = 2 Hence, Euler's formula is verified. (ii) Number of faces = F = 9Number of vertices = V = 9Number of edges = E = 16F + V - E = 9 + 9 - 16 = 18 - 16 = 2 Hence, Euler's formula is verified.

Page: 166, Block Name: Exercise 10.3

Q7 Using Euler's formula find the unknown

Faces	?	5	20
Vertices	6	?	12
Edges	12	9	?

Answer. By Euler's formula, we have F + V - E = 2(i)F + 6 - 12 = 2F - 6 = 2F = 8(ii) 5 + V - 9 = 2V - 4 = 2V = 6ercise 1^o (iii) 20 + 12 - E = 232 - E = 2E = 30Thus, the table can be completed as

Faces	8	5	20
Vertices	6	6	12
Edges	12	9	30

Page : 167	, Block Name	: Exercise	10.3
------------	--------------	------------	------

Q8 Can a polyhedron have 10 faces, 20 edges and 15 vertices?

Answer. Number of faces = F = 10Number of edges = E = 20Number of vertices = V = 15Any polyhedron satisfies Euler's Formula, according to which, F + V - E = 2For the given polygon, $F + V - E = 10 + 15 - 20 = 25 - 20 = 5 \neq 2$ Since Euler's formula is not satisfied, such a polyhedron is not possible.

Page: 167, Block Name: Exercise 10.3