

NCERT SOLUTIONS

CLASS - 8TH



Class : 8th
 Subject : Maths
 Chapter Name : Factorisation
 Chapter : 14

Exercise - 14.1

Q1 Find the common factors of the given terms.

- (i) $12x, 36$
- (ii) $2y, 22xy$
- (iii) $14pq, 28p^2q^2$
- (iv) $2x, 3x^2, 4$
- (v) $6abc, 24ab^2, 12a^2b$
- (vi) $16x^3, -4x^2, 32x$
- (vii) $10pq, 20qr, 30rp$
- (viii) $3x^2y^3, 10x^3y^2, 6x^2y^2z$

Answer. (i) $12x = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times x$

$36 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$

The common factors are 2,2,3

And $2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$

(ii) $2y = 2 \times y$

$22xy = 2 \times 11 \times x \times y$

The common Factors are 2,y

And $2 \times y = 2y$

(iii) $14pq = 2 \times 7 \times p \times q$

$28p^2q^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times p \times p \times q \times q$

The common factors are 2, 7, p, q

And $2 \times 7 \times p \times q = 14pq$

(iv) $2x = 2 \times x$

$3x^2 = 3 \times x \times x$

$4 = 2 \times 2$

The common factor is 1

(v) $6abc = 2 \times 3 \times a \times b \times c$

$24ab^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times a \times b \times b$

$12a^2b = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times a \times a \times b$

The common factors are 2, 3, a, b

And $2 \times 3 \times a \times b = 6ab$

(vi) $3x^2y^3 = 3 \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y$

$-4x^2 = -1 \times 2 \times 2 \times x \times x$

$32x = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times x$

The common factors are 2, 2, x

And $2 \times 5 = 10$

$$(vii) 10pq = 2 \times 5 \times p \times q$$

$$20qr = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times q \times r$$

$$30rp = 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times r \times p$$

The common factors are 2, 5

And $2 \times 5 = 10$

$$(viii) 3x^2y^3 = 3 \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y$$

$$10x^3y^2 = 2 \times 5 \times x \times x \times x \times y \times y$$

$$6x^2y^2z = 2 \times 3 \times x \times x \times y \times y \times z$$

The common factors are x, x, y, y

And $x \times x \times y \times y = x^2y^2$

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Q2 Factorise the following expressions.

$$(i) 7x - 42$$

$$(ii) 6p - 12q$$

$$(iii) 7a^2 + 14a$$

$$(iv) -16z + 20z^3$$

$$(v) 20m^2 + 30alm$$

$$(vi) 5x^2y - 15xy^2$$

$$(vii) 10a^2 - 15b^2 + 20c^2$$

$$(viii) -4a^2 + 4ab - 4ca$$

$$(ix) x^2yz + xy^2z + xyz^2$$

$$(x) ax^2y + bxy^2 + cxyz$$

Answer. (i) $7x = 7 \times x$

$$42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$$

The common factor is 7

$$\therefore 7x - 42 = (7 \times x) - (2 \times 3 \times 7) = 7(x - 6)$$

$$(ii) 6p = 2 \times 3 \times p$$

The common factors are 2 and 3.

$$12q = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times q$$

$$\therefore 6p - 12q = (2 \times 3 \times p) - (2 \times 2 \times 3 \times q)$$

$$= 2 \times 3[p - (2 \times q)]$$

$$= 6(p - 2q)$$

$$(iii) 14a = 2 \times 7 \times a$$

$$\therefore 7a^2 + 14a = (7 \times a \times a) + (2 \times 7 \times a)$$

$$= 7 \times a[a + 2] = 7a(a + 2)$$

$$(iv) 16z = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times z$$

$$20z^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times z \times z \times z$$

The common factors 2, 2, and z

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore -16z + 20z^3 &= -(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times z) + (2 \times 2 \times 5 \times z \times z \times z) \\&= (2 \times 2 \times z)[-(2 \times 2) + (5 \times z \times z)] \\&= 4z(-4 + 5z^2)\end{aligned}$$

(v) $20/2m = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times / \times l \times m$

$$30a/m = 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times a \times l \times m$$

The common factors are 2,5,1 and m

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore 20/2m + 30a/m &= (2 \times 2 \times 5 \times I \times l \times m) + (2 \times 3 \times 5 \times a \times / \times m) \\&= (2 \times 5 \times I \times m)[(2 \times l) + (3 \times a)] \\&= 10lm(2l + 3a)\end{aligned}$$

(vi) $5x^2y = 5 \times x \times x \times y$

$$15xy^2 = 3 \times 5 \times x \times y \times y$$

$$= 5 \times x \times y[x - (3 \times y)]$$

$$= 5xy(x - 3y)$$

$$= 5xy(x - 3y)$$

(vii) $10a^2 = 2 \times 5 \times a \times a$

$$15b^2 = 3 \times 5 \times b \times b$$

$$20c^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times c \times c$$

The common factor is 5.

$$\begin{aligned}10a^2 - 15b^2 + 20c^2 &= (2 \times 5 \times a \times a) - (3 \times 5 \times b \times b) + (2 \times 2 \times 5 \times c \times c) \\&= 5[(2 \times a \times a) - (3 \times b \times b) + (2 \times 2 \times c \times c)] \\&= 5(2a^2 - 3b^2 + 4c^2)\end{aligned}$$

(viii) $4a^2 = 2 \times 2 \times a \times a$

$$4ab = 2 \times 2 \times a \times b$$

$$4ca = 2 \times 2 \times c \times a$$

The common factors are 2,2 and a

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore -4a^2 + 4ab - 4ca &= -(2 \times 2 \times a \times a) + (2 \times 2 \times a \times b) - (2 \times 2 \times c \times a) \\&= 2 \times 2 \times a[-(a) + b - c] \\&= 4a(-a + b - c)\end{aligned}$$

(ix) $x^2yz = x \times x \times y \times z$

$$xy^2z = x \times y \times y \times z$$

$$xyz^2 = x \times y \times z \times z$$

The common factors are x, y, and z

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore x^2yz + xy^2z + xyz^2 &= (x \times x \times y \times z) + (x \times y \times y \times z) + (x \times y \times z \times z) \\&= x \times y \times z[x + y + z] \\&= xyz(x + y + z)\end{aligned}$$

(x) $ax^2y = a \times x \times x \times y$

$$bxy^2 = b \times x \times y \times y$$

$$cxyz = c \times x \times y \times z$$

The common factors are x and y

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore ax^2y + bxy^2 + cxyz &= (a \times x \times x \times y) + (b \times x \times y \times y) + (c \times x \times y \times z) \\&= (x \times y)[(a \times x) + (b \times y) + (c \times z)] \\&= xy(ax + by + cz)\end{aligned}$$

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Q3 Factorise

- (i) $x^2 + xy + 8x + 8y$
- (ii) $15xy - 6x + 5y - 2$
- (iii) $ax + bx - ay - by$
- (iv) $15pq + 15 + 9q + 25p$
- (v) $z - 7 + 7xy - xyz$

Answer. (i) $x^2 + xy + 8x + 8y = x \times x + x \times y + 8 \times x + 8 \times y$
 $= x(x + y) + 8(x + y)$
 $= (x + y)(x + 8)$

(ii) $15xy - 6x + 5y - 2 = 3 \times 5 \times x \times y - 3 \times 2 \times x + 5 \times y - 2$
 $= 3x(5y - 2) + 1(5y - 2)$
 $= (5y - 2)(3x + 1)$

(iii) $ax + bx - ay - by = a \times x + b \times x - a \times y - b \times y$
 $= x(a + b) - y(a + b)$
 $= (a + b)(x - y)$

(iv) $15pq + 15 + 9q + 25p = 15pq + 9q + 25p + 15$
 $= 3 \times 5 \times p \times q + 3 \times 3 \times q + 5 \times 5 \times p + 3 \times 5$
 $= 3q(5p + 3) + 5(5p + 3)$

(v) $z - 7 + 7xy - xyz = z - x \times y \times z - 7 + 7 \times x \times y$
 $= z(1 - xy) - 7(1 - xy)$
 $= (1 - xy)(z - 7)$

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Exercise - 14.2

Q1 Factorise the following expressions

- (i) $a^2 + 8a + 16$
- (ii) $p^2 - 10p + 25$
- (iii) $25m^2 + 30m + 9$
- (iv) $49y^4 + 84yz + 36z^2$
- (v) $4x^2 - 8x + 4$
- (vi) $121b^2 - 88bc + 16c^2$
- (vii) $(l + m)^2 - 4Im$
- (viii) $a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + b^4$

Answer. (i) $a^2 + 8a + 16 = (a)^2 + 2 \times a \times 4 + (4)^2$
 $= (a + 4)^2 [(x + y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2]$

(ii) $p^2 - 10p + 25 = (p)^2 - 2 \times p \times 5 + (5)^2$
 $= (p - 5)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2]$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad & 25m^2 + 30m + 9 = (5m)^2 + 2 \times 5m \times 3 + (3)^2 \\ &= (5m + 3)^2 [(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv)} \quad & 49y^2 + 84yz + 36z^2 = (7y)^2 + 2 \times (7y) \times (6z) + (6z)^2 \\ &= (7y + 6z)^2 [(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(v)} \quad & 4x^2 - 8x + 4 = (2x)^2 - 2(2x)(2) + (2)^2 \\ &= (2x - 2)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \\ &= [(2)(x - 1)]^2 = 4(x - 1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vi)} \quad & 121b^2 - 88bc + 16c^2 = (11b)^2 - 2(11b)(4c) + (4c)^2 \\ &= (11b - 4c)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(v)} \quad & 4x^2 - 8x + 4 = (2x)^2 - 2(2x)(2) + (2)^2 \\ &= (2x - 2)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \\ &= [(2)(x - 1)]^2 = 4(x - 1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vi)} \quad & 121b^2 - 88bc + 16c^2 = (11b)^2 - 2(11b)(4c) + (4c)^2 \\ &= (11b - 4c)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vii)} \quad & (I + m)^2 - 4lm = f^2 + 2lm + m^2 - 4lm \\ &= f^2 - 2lm + m^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= (I - m)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(viii)} \quad & a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + b^4 = (a^2)^2 + 2(a^2)(b^2) + (b^2)^2 \\ &= (a^2 + b^2)^2 [(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2] \end{aligned}$$

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Q2 Factorise

- (i) $4p^2 - 9q^2$
- (ii) $63a^2 - 112b^2$
- (iii) $49x^2 - 36$
- (iv) $16x^3 - 144x$
- (v) $(l + m)^2 - (l - m)^2$
- (vi) $9x^2y^2 - 16$
- (vii) $(x^2 - 2xy + y^2) - z^3$
- (viii) $a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + b^4$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Answer. (i)} \quad & 4p^2 - 9q^2 = (2p)^2 - (3q)^2 \\ &= (2p + 3q)(2p - 3q) [a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii)} \quad & 63a^2 - 112b^2 = 7(9a^2 - 16b^2) \\ &= 7[(3a)^2 - (4b)^2] \\ &= 7(3a + 4b)(3a - 4b) [a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad & 49x^2 - 36 = (7x)^2 - (6)^2 \\ & = (7x - 6)(7x + 6) [a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv)} \quad & 16x^5 - 144x^3 = 16x^3(x^2 - 9) \\ & = 16x^3[(x)^2 - (3)^2] \\ & = 16x^3(x - 3)(x + 3) [a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(v)} \quad & (I + m)^2 - (I - m)^2 = [(I + m) - (I - m)][(l + m) + (I - m)] \\ & [\text{Using identity } a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \\ & = (l + m - I + m)(l + m + I - m) \\ & = 2m \times 2l \\ & = 4ml \\ & = 4lm \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vi)} \quad & 9x^2y^2 - 16 = (3xy)^2 - (4)^2 \\ & = (3xy - 4)(3xy + 4) [a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vii)} \quad & (x^2 - 2xy + y^2) - z^2 = (x - y)^2 - (z)^2 [(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \\ & = (x - y - z)(x - y + z) [a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(viii)} \quad & 25a^2 - 4b^2 + 28bc - 49c^2 = 25a^2 - (4b^2 - 28bc + 49c^2) \\ & (5a)^2 - [(2b)^2 - 2 \times 2b \times 7c + (7c)^2] \\ & = (5a)^2 - [(2b - 7c)^2] \\ & [\text{Using identity } (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2] \\ & = [5a + (2b - 7c)][5a - (2b - 7c)] \\ & [\text{Using identity } a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)] \\ & = (5a + 2b - 7c)(5a - 2b + 7c) \end{aligned}$$

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Q3 Factorise The Expressions.

- (i) $ax^2 + bx$
- (ii) $7p^2 + 21q^2$
- (iii) $2x^2 + 2xy^2 + 2xz^4$
- (iv) $am^2 + bm^2 + bv^2 + an^2$
- (v) $(lm + l) + m + 1$
- (vi) $y(y + z) + 9(y + z)$
- (vii) $5y^2 - 20y - 8z + 2yz$
- (viii) $10ab + 4a + 5b + 2$
- (ix) $6xy - 4y + 6 - 9x$

Answer. (i) $ax^2 + bx = a \times x \times x + b \times x = x(ax + b)$

(ii) $7p^2 + 21q^2 = 7 \times p \times p + 3 \times 7 \times q \times q = 7(p^2 + 3q^2)$

(iii) $2x^3 + 2xy^2 + 2xz^2 = 2x(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$

(iv) $am^2 + bm^2 + bn^2 + an^2 = am^2 + bm^2 + an^2 + bn^2$

$$\begin{aligned} & m^2(a+b) + n^2(a+b) \\ &= (a+b)(m^2+n^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{v}) \quad & (Im + l) + m + 1 = Im + m + l + 1 \\ &= m(l+1) + 1(I+1) \\ &= (I+1)(m+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$(\text{vi}) \quad y(y+z) + 9(y+z) = (y+z)(y+9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{vii}) \quad & 5y^2 - 20y - 8z + 2yz = 5y^2 - 20y + 2yz - 8z \\ & 5y(y-4) + 2z(y-4) \\ & (y-4)(5y+2z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{viii}) \quad & 10ab + 4a + 5b + 2 = 10ab + 5b + 4a + 2 \\ &= 5b(2a+1) + 2(2a+1) \\ &= (2a+1)(5b+2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{ix}) \quad & 6xy - 4y + 6 - 9x = 6xy - 9x - 4y + 6 \\ & 3x(2y-3) - 2(2y-3) \\ & (2y-3)(3x-2) \end{aligned}$$

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Q4 Factorise

- (i) $a^4 - b^4$
- (ii) $p^4 - 81$
- (iii) $x^4 - (y+z)^4$
- (iv) $x^4 - (x-z)^4$
- (v) $a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Answer. (i)} \quad & a^4 - b^4 = (a^2)^2 - (b^2)^2 \\ &= (a^2 - b^2)(a^2 + b^2) \\ &= (a-b)(a+b)(a^2 + b^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii)} \quad & p^4 - 81 = (p^2)^2 - (9)^2 \\ &= (p^2 - 9)(p^2 + 9) \\ &= [(p)^2 - (3)^2](p^2 + 9) \\ &= (p-3)(p+3)(p^2 + 9) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad & x^4 - (y+z)^4 = (x^2)^2 - [(y+z)^2]^2 \\ &= [x^2 - (y+z)^2][x^2 + (y+z)^2] \\ &= [x - (y+z)][x + (y+z)][x^2 + (y+z)^2] \\ &= (x-y-z)(x+y+z)[x^2 + (y+z)^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv)} \quad & x^4 - (x-z)^4 = (x^2)^2 - [(x-z)^2]^2 \\ &= [x^2 - (x-z)^2][x^2 + (x-z)^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= [x - (x - z)][x + (x - z)] [x^2 + (x - z)^2] \\
 &= z(2x - z) [x^2 + x^2 - 2xz + z^2] \\
 &= z(2x - z) (2x^2 - 2xz + z^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{v}) \quad a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 &= (a^2)^2 - 2(a^2)(b^2) + (b^2)^2 \\
 &= (a^2 - b^2)^2 \\
 &= [(a - b)(a + b)]^2 \\
 &= (a - b)^2(a + b)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

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Q5 Factorise the following expressions

- (i) $p^2 + 6p + 8$
- (ii) $q^2 - 10q + 21$
- (iii) $p^2 + 6p - 16$

Answer. (i) $p^2 + 6p + 8$

It can be observed that $8 = 4 \times 2$ and $4 + 2 = 6$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore p^2 + 6p + 8 &= p^2 + 2p + 4p + 8 \\
 &= p(p + 2) + 4(p + 2) \\
 &= (p + 2)(p + 4)
 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) $q^2 - 10q + 21$

It can be observed that $21 = (-7) \times (-3)$ and $(-7) + (-3) = -10$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore q^2 - 10q + 21 &= q^2 - 7q - 3q + 21 \\
 &= q(q - 7) - 3(q - 7) \\
 &= (q - 7)(q - 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

(iii) $p^2 + 6p - 16$

It can be observed that $16 = (-2) \times 8$ and $8 + (-2) = 6$

$$\begin{aligned}
 p^2 + 6p - 16 &= p^2 + 8p - 2p - 16 \\
 &= p(p + 8) - 2(p + 8) \\
 &= (p + 8)(p - 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

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Exercise - 14.3

Q1 Carry out the following divisions

- (i) $28x^4 \div 56x$
- (ii) $-36y^3 \div 9y^2$
- (iii) $66pq^2r^3 \div 11qr^2$
- (iv) $34x^3y^3z^5 \div 51xy^2z^3$
- (v) $12a^3b^8 \div (-6x^6b^4)$

Answer. (i) $28x^4 = 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x \times x \times x \times x$

$$56x = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x$$

$$28x^4 \div 56x = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x \times x \times x \times x}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x} = \frac{x^3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}x^3$$

$$(ii) 36y^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times y \times y \times y$$

$$9y^2 = 3 \times 3 \times y \times y$$

$$-36y^3 \div 9y^2 = \frac{-2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times y \times y \times y}{3 \times 3 \times y \times y} = -4y$$

$$(iii) 66pq^2r^3 = 2 \times 3 \times 11 \times p \times q \times q \times r \times r \times r$$

$$11qr^2 = 11 \times q \times r \times r$$

$$66pq^2r^3 \div 11qr^2 = \frac{2 \times 3 \times 11 \times p \times q \times q \times r \times r \times r}{11 \times q \times r \times r} = 6pqr$$

$$(iv) 34x^3y^3z^3 = 2 \times 17 \times x \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z$$

$$51xy^2z^3 = 3 \times 17 \times x \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z$$

$$34x^3y^3z^3 \div 51xy^2z^3 = \frac{2 \times 17 \times x \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z}{3 \times 17 \times x \times y \times z \times z \times z}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}x^2y$$

$$(v) 12a^8b^8 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times a^8 \times b^8$$

$$6a^6b^4 = 2 \times 3 \times a^6 \times b^4$$

$$12a^8b^8 \div (-6a^6b^4) = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times a^8 \times b^8}{-2 \times 3 \times a^6 \times b^4} = -2a^2b^4$$

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Q2 Divide the given polynomial by the given monomial.

$$(i) (5x^2 - 6x) \div 3x$$

$$(ii) (3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4) \div y^4$$

$$(iii) 8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) \div 4x^2y^2z^2$$

$$(iv) (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x) \div 2x$$

$$(v) (p^3q^5 - p^6q^5) \div p^3q^3$$

$$\text{Answer. (i)} 5x^2 - 6x = x(5x - 6)$$

$$(5x^2 - 6x) \div 3x = \frac{x(5x - 6)}{3x} = \frac{1}{3}(5x - 6)$$

$$(ii) 3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4 = y^4(3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5)$$

$$(3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4) \div y^4 = \frac{y^4(3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5)}{y^4} = 3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5$$

$$(iii) 8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) = 8x^2y^2z^2(x + y + z)$$

$$8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) \div 4x^2y^2z^2 = \frac{8x^2y^2z^2(x + y + z)}{4x^2y^2z^2} = 2(x + y + z)$$

$$(iv) x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x = x(x^2 + 2x + 3)$$

$$(x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x) \div 2x = \frac{x(x^2 + 2x + 3)}{2x} = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 2x + 3)$$

$$(v) p^3q^6 - p^6q^3 = p^3q^3(q^3 - p^3)$$

$$(p^3q^6 - p^6q^3) \div p^3q^3 = \frac{p^3q^3(q^3 - p^3)}{p^3q^3} = q^3 - p^3$$

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Q3 Work out the following divisions.

- (i) $(10x - 25) \div 5$
- (ii) $(10x - 25) \div (2x - 5)$
- (iii) $10y(6y + 21) \div 5(2y + 7)$
- (iv) $9x^2y^2(3z - 24) \div 27xy(z - 8)$
- (v) $96abc(3a - 12)(5b - 30) \div 144(a - 4)(b - 6)$

$$\text{Answer. (i)} (10x - 25) \div 5 = \frac{2 \times 5 \times x - 5 \times 5}{5} = \frac{5(2x - 5)}{5} = 2x - 5$$

$$\text{(ii)} (10x - 25) \div (2x - 5) = \frac{2 \times 5 \times x - 5 \times 5}{(2x - 5)} = \frac{5(2x - 5)}{2x - 5} = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} 10y(6y + 21) \div 5(2y + 7) &= \frac{2 \times 5 \times y[2 \times 3 \times y + 3 \times 7]}{5(2y + 7)} \\ &= \frac{2 \times 5 \times y \times 3(2y + 7)}{5(2y + 7)} = 6y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv)} 9x^2y^2(3z - 24) \div 27xy(z - 8) &= \frac{9x^2y^2[3 \times z - 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3]}{27xy(z - 8)} \\ &= \frac{xy \times 3(z - 8)}{3(z - 8)} = xy \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(v)} 96abc(3a - 12)(5b - 30) \div 144(a - 4)(b - 6) \\ &= \frac{96abc(3 \times a - 3 \times 4)(5 \times b - 2 \times 3 \times 5)}{144(a - 4)(b - 6)} \\ &= \frac{2abc \times 3(a - 4) \times 5(b - 6)}{3(a - 4)(b - 6)} = 10abc \end{aligned}$$

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Q4 Divide as directed

- (i) $5(2x + 1)(3x + 5) \div (2x + 1)$
- (ii) $26xy(x + 5)(y - 4) \div 13x(y - 4)$
- (iii) $52pqr(p + q)(q + r)(r + p) \div 104pq(q + r)(r + p)$
- (iv) $20(y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3) \div 5(y + 4)$
- (v) $x(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3) \div (x + 1)$

$$\text{Answer. (i)} 5(2x + 1)(3x + 5) \div (2x + 1) = \frac{5(2x + 1)(3x + 5)}{(2x + 1)} = 5(3x + 1)$$

$$\text{(ii)} 26xy(x + 5)(y - 4) \div 13x(y - 4) = \frac{2 \times 13 \times xy(x + 5)(y - 4)}{13x(y - 4)} = 2y(x + 5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} 52pqr(p + q)(q + r)(r + p) \div 104pq(q + r)(r + p) \\ &= \frac{2 \times 2 \times 13 \times p \times q \times r \times (p + q) \times (q + r) \times (r + p)}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 13 \times p \times q \times (q + r) \times (r + p)} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}r(p + q) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(iv)} 20(y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3) = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times (y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3)$$

$$20(y+4)(y^2 + 5y + 3) \div 5(y+4) = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 5 \times (y+4) \times (y^2 + 5y + 3)}{5 \times (y+4)}$$

$$= 4(y^2 + 5y + 3)$$

$$(v) x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) \div (x+1) = \frac{x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)}{x(x+1)}$$

$$= (x+2)(x+3)$$

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Q5 Factorise the expressions and divide them as directed

- (i) $(y^2 + 7y + 10) \div (y + 5)$
- (ii) $(m^2 - 14m - 32) \div (m + 2)$
- (iii) $(5p^2 - 25p + 20) \div (p - 1)$
- (iv) $4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) \div 2y(z + 8)$
- (v) $5pq(p^2 - q^2) \div 2p(p + q)$
- (vi) $12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) \div 4xy(3x + 4y)$
- (vii) $39y^3(50y^2 - 98) \div 26y^2(5y + 7)$

$$\text{Answer. (i)} (y^2 + 7y + 10) = y^2 + 2y + 5y + 10$$

$$= y(y+2) + 5(y+2)$$

$$= (y+2)(y+5)$$

$$(y^2 + 7y + 10) \div (y+5) = \frac{(y+5)(y+2)}{(y+5)} = y+2$$

$$\text{(ii)} m^2 - 14m - 32 = m^2 + 2m - 16m - 32$$

$$= m(m+2) - 16(m+2)$$

$$= (m+2)(m-16)$$

$$(m^2 - 14m - 32) \div (m+2) = \frac{(m+2)(m-16)}{(m+2)} = m-16$$

$$\text{(iii)} 5p^2 - 25p + 20 = 5(p^2 - 5p + 4)$$

$$= 5[p^2 - p - 4p + 4]$$

$$= 5[p(p-1) - 4(p-1)]$$

$$5(p-1)(p-4)$$

$$(5p^2 - 25p + 20) \div (p-1) = \frac{5(p-1)(p-4)}{(p-1)} = 5(p-4)$$

$$\text{(iv)} 4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) = 4yz[z^2 - 2z + 8z - 16]$$

$$= 4yz[z(z-2) + 8(z-2)]$$

$$= 4yz(z-2)(z+8)$$

$$4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) \div 2y(z+8) = \frac{4yz(z-2)(z+8)}{2y(z+8)} = 2z(z-2)$$

$$\text{(v)} 5pq(p^2 - q^2) = 5pq(p-q)(p+q)$$

$$5pq(p^2 - q^2) \div 2p(p+q) = \frac{5pq(p-q)(p+q)}{2p(p+q)} = \frac{5}{2}q(p-q)$$

$$\text{(vi)} 12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) = 12xy[(3x)^2 - (4y)^2] = 12xy(3x - 4y)(3x + 4y)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) \div 4xy(3x + 4y) &= \frac{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times x \times y \times (3x - 4y) \times (3x + 4y)}{2 \times 2 \times x \times y \times (3x + 4y)} \\
 &= 3(3x - 4y) \\
 &= 3(3x - 4y)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(vii)} \quad 39y^3(50y^2 - 98) &= 3 \times 13 \times y \times y \times y \times 2[(25y^2 - 49)] \\
 &= 3 \times 13 \times 2 \times y \times y \times y \times [(5y)^2 - (7)^2] \\
 &= 3 \times 13 \times 2 \times y \times y \times y(5y - 7)(5y + 7) \\
 26y^2(5y + 7) &= 2 \times 13 \times y \times y \times (5y + 7) \\
 39y^3(50y^2 - 98) \div 26y^2(5y + 7) &
 \end{aligned}$$

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Exercise - 14.4

Q1 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$4(x - 5) = 4x - 5$$

Answer. L.H.S = $4(x - 5) \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $4x - 20$.

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Q2 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$x(3x + 2) = 3x^2 + 2$$

Answer. L.H.S = $x(3x + 2) \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $3x^2 + 2x$

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Q3 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$2x + 3y = 5xy$$

Answer. L.H.S = $2x + 3y \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $2x + 3y = 2x + 3y$

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Q4 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$x + 2x + 3x = 5x$$

Answer. L.H.S = $x + 2x + 3x = 1x + 2x + 3x = x(1 + 2 + 3) = 6x \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $x + 2x + 3x = 6x$

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Q5 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$5y + 2y + y - 7y = 0$$

Answer. L.H.S = $5y + 2y + y - 7y = 8y - 7y = y \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $5y + 2y + y - 7y = y$

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Q6 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$3x + 2x = 5x^2$$

Answer. L.H.S = $3x + 2x = 5x \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $3x + 2x = 5x$

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Q7 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$(2x)^2 + 4(2x) + 7 = 2x^2 + 8x + 7$$

Answer. L.H.S = $(2x)^2 + 4(2x) + 7 = 4x^2 + 8x + 7 \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $(2x)^2 + 4(2x) + 7 = 4x^2 + 8x + 7$

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Q8 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$(2x)^2 + 4(2x) + 7 = 2x^2 + 8x + 7$$

Answer. L.H.S = $(2x)^2 + 5x = 4x^2 + 5x \neq$ R.H.S

The correct statement is $(2x)^2 + 5x = 4x^2 + 5x$

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Q9 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements. $(3x + 2)^2 = 3x^2 + 6x + 4$

Answer. L.H.S = $(3x + 2)^2 = (3x)^2 + 2(3x)(2) + (2)^2 [(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2] = 9x^2 + 12x + 4$

R.H.S

The correct statement is $(3x + 2)^2 = 9x^2 + 12x + 4$

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Q10 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements. Substituting x=-3

(a) $x^2 + 5x + 4$ gives $(-3)^2 + 5(-3) + 4 = 9 + 2 + 4 = 15$

(b) $x^2 - 5x + 4$ gives $(-3)^2 - 5(-3) + 4 = 9 - 15 + 4 = -2$

(c) $x^2 + 5x$ gives $(-3)^2 + 5(-3) = -9 - 15 = -24$

Answer. (a) For $x = -3$

$$x^2 + 5x + 4 = (-3)^2 + 5(-3) + 4 = 9 - 15 + 4 = 13 - 15 = -2$$

(b) For $x = -3$

$$x^2 - 5x + 4 = (-3)^2 - 5(-3) + 4 = 9 + 15 + 4 = 28$$

(c) For $x = -3$

$$x^2 + 5x = (-3)^2 + 5(-3) = 9 - 15 = -6$$

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Q11 Find and correct the errors in the following mathematical statements.

$$(y - 3)^2 = y^2 - 9$$

Answer. L.H.S = $(y - 3)^2 = (y)^2 - 2(y)(3) + (3)^2$ $[(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2]$
 $= y^2 - 6y + 9 \neq R. H. S$

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Q12 Find and correct the error in the statement $(z + 5)^2 = z^2 + 25$

Answer. L.H.S. = $(z + 5)^2 = (z)^2 + 2(z)(5) + (5)^2$ $[(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2]$
 $= z^2 + 10z + 25 \neq R. H. S$

The correct statement is $(z + 5)^2 = z^2 + 10z + 25$

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Q13 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$(2a + 3b)(a - b) = 2a^2 - 3b^2$$

Answer. L.H.S.

$$= (2a + 3b)(a - b) = 2a \times a + 3b \times a - 2a \times b - 3b \times b = 2a^2 + 3ab - 2ab - 3b^2 = 2a^2 + ab - 3b^2 \neq R. H. S$$

The correct statement is $(2a + 3b)(a - b) = 2a^2 + ab - 3b^2$

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Q14 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$(a + 4)(a + 2) = a^2 + 8$$

Answer. L.H.S = $(a - 4)(a - 2) = (a)^2 + [(-4) + (-2)](a) + (-4)(-2) = a^2 + 6a + 8 \neq R. H. S$

The correct statement is $(a + 4)(a + 2) = a^2 + 6a + 8$

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Q15 Find and correct the error in the statement $(a - 4)(a - 2) = a^2 - 8$

Answer. L.H.S. = $(a - 4)(a - 2) = (a)^2 + [(-4) + (-2)](a) + (-4)(-2) = a^2 - 6a + 8 \neq R. H. S$

The correct statement is $(a - 4)(a - 2) = a^2 - 6a + 8$

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Q16 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$\frac{3x^2}{3x^2} = 0$$

Answer. $\frac{3x^2}{3x^2} = 1$ Not equal to 0.

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Q17 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$\frac{3x^2+1}{3x^2} - 1 + 1 = 2$$

Answer. $\frac{3x^2+1}{3x^2} = \frac{3x^2}{3x^2} + \frac{1}{3x^2} = 1 + \frac{1}{3x^2}$

And not equal to 2.

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Q18 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$\frac{3x}{3x+2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Answer. $\frac{3x}{3x+2} = \frac{3x}{3x+2}$

And is not equal to $\frac{1}{2}$.

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Q19 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$\frac{3}{4x+3} = \frac{1}{4x}$$

Answer. $\frac{3}{4x+3} = \frac{3}{4x+3}$

And is not equal to $\frac{1}{4x}$.

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Q20 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$\frac{4x+5}{4x} = 5$$

Answer. $\frac{4x+5}{4x} = \frac{4x}{4x} + \frac{5}{4x} = 1 + \frac{5}{4x}$ and not equal to 5

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Q21 Find and correct the error in the statement

$$\frac{7x+5}{5} - 7x$$

Answer. $\frac{7x+5}{5} = \frac{7x}{5} + \frac{5}{5} = \frac{7x}{5} + 1$ and not equal to $7x$

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