

COMMON P. G. ENTRANCE TEST – 2024 (CPET-2024)

Test Booklet No. : 00471

Subject Code : 01

Hall Ticket No. :

Subject : ANTHROPOLOGY (ARTS)

TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed : 60 Minutes

Full Marks : 80

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. The Test Booklet contains 15 pages including the cover page and 80 (Question Nos. 1 to 80) multiple choice questions.
2. DO NOT break open the seal of the Test Booklet until the invigilator instructs to do so.
3. The candidates must check discrepancy, if any (like up-printed or torn or missing pages or missing questions) in the Test Booklet immediately after breaking the seal of the Test Booklet. If detected, the invigilator may be requested to replace the same.
4. Candidates are required to fill up and darken the Hall Ticket No., Test Booklet Serial No. and OMR Answer Sheet Serial No. in attendance sheet carefully. Wrongly filled in OMR Answer Sheet is liable for rejection.
5. Each question has four choices / answers marked (A), (B), (C), (D). Candidate has to select the most appropriate choice / answer to each question and darken the oval completely against the question number provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.
6. Indicate only one choice / answer from the options provided by darkening the appropriate oval in the OMR Answer Sheet. More than one response to a question shall be treated as a wrong answer.
7. Use only **Black Ball Point Pen** for darkening the oval for answering.
8. All the questions are compulsory and they carry equal marks. The total marks scored by a candidate depends on the number of correct choices / answers darkened in the OMR Answer Sheet. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
9. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the Examination Hall / Room till all OMR Answer Sheets have been collected by the invigilator.
10. On completion of the entrance test, the original OMR Answer Sheet be handed over to the invigilator. Candidates are allowed to take the second copy of the OMR Answer Sheet along with the used Test Booklet for reference.
11. Candidates are not allowed to carry any personal belongings including electronic devices such as scientific calculator, cell phones, headphones, earbuds, or any other type of devices that allow communication of any kind inside the Examination Room / Hall.
12. The candidates are advised not to scribble or make any mark on the OMR Answer Sheet except marking the answers at the appropriate places and filling up the details required. Rough work, if any, may be done in the blank sheet(s) provided at the end of the Test Booklet.
13. Any malpractice / use of unfair means will lead to your disqualification from the entrance test / admission process and may also lead to appropriate legal action as deemed fit.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

GO – 23/19

(Turn over)

SEAL

GO-23/19

1. Man belongs to which sub-order ?
(A) Anthroidea (B) Chordata
(C) Mammal (D) Hominidae
2. Diastema is related to :
(A) Natural space between teeth (B) Hole at the base of the skull
(C) It is found in the vertebral column (D) A space in the pelvic girdle
3. Eugene Dubois discovered which fossil ?
(A) Homo-erectus erectus (Javaman)
(B) Homo-erectus pekinensis (Pekinman)
(C) Australopithecus africanus (Taung Baby)
(D) A. Afarensis (Lucy man)
4. Lineaaspera is found in :
(A) Femur (B) Tibia
(C) Humerus (D) Vertebral column
5. Which ape is the best sociable among the apes ?
(A) Gibbon (B) Gorilla
(C) Orangutan (D) Chimpanzee
6. The book Anatomy for ARTS Students (1896) was written by :
(A) Paul Topinard (B) Prof. Sergi
(C) Arthur Thomson (D) Paul Broca
7. The ostriches cannot fly though they have wings are coming under the laws of :
(A) Lamarckism
(B) Darwinism
(C) Lamarck's theory of use and disuse of organ
(D) Mutation

8. Negrito-Protoaustraloid-Mongoloid-Mediterranean-Western brachycephals-Nordic race-the classification of the Indian population is given by :
(A) Herbert Risley (B) J. H. Hutton
(C) B. S. Guha (D) J. F. Blumenbach
9. James Watson is :
(A) British biophysicist (B) American biophysicist
(C) Australian geneticist (D) None of these
10. Which society organized themselves into bands and tribes ?
(A) Hunting-gathering society (B) Complex society
(C) Subaltern community (D) Peasant society
11. The declining stage or negative growth stage is called :
(A) Maturation (B) Senescence
(C) Malnutrition (D) The early adulthood stage
12. Which Primate is recorded as the lowest number of chromosomes ($2N = 20$) ?
(A) Lepilemur (B) Tarsier
(C) Macaque (D) Baboons
13. Australopithecus africanus is discovered by :
(A) Arun Sonakia (B) Raymond Dart
(C) Eugene Dubois (D) L. S. B. Leakey
14. Who is considered as the "Father of Indian Ethnography" ?
(A) Gopal Saran (B) L. P. Vidyarthi
(C) N. K. Bose (D) S. C. Roy
15. What is considered the hallmark of Anthropology ?
(A) Fieldwork (B) Sampling
(C) Participant observation (D) Ethnography

16. The Archaeological Survey of India was established in :
(A) 1851 (B) 1861
(C) 1961 (D) 1951
17. Who had discovered the first Palaeolithic stone tool in India in 1863 ?
(A) Robert Brucefoot (B) D. K. Bhattacharya
(C) De Terra and Patterson (D) H. D. Sankalia
18. Among the following which site is not included in the Mesolithic period ?
(A) Bagor (Rajasthan) (B) Adamgarh (Madhya Pradesh)
(C) Laghnaj (Gujarat) (D) Sangankallu (Kashmir)
19. Robert Redfield has given a famous concept :
(A) Folk-urban continuum (B) Sanskritisation
(C) Tribe-caste continuum (D) Sacred complex
20. The purity and impurity concept in the caste system was given by :
(A) L. P. Vidyarthi (B) Louis Dumont
(C) M. N. Srinivas (D) T. N. Madan
21. M. N. Srinivas studies the Religion and Society of which community of South India ?
(A) Coorgs of South India
(B) Dominant group of Rampura village
(C) Maler of Chota Nagpur plateau
(D) Nayar of Kerala
22. Cairn Circle is found in which culture of India ?
(A) Mesolithic (B) Neolithic
(C) Chalcolithic (D) Megalithic
23. Which one of the following is salvation, liberation from endless births and deaths ?
(A) Dharma (B) Artha
(C) Kama (D) Moksha

24. Which village of Odisha is considered a UNESCO intangible cultural heritage site ?
(A) Basudevpur (B) Raghurajpur
(C) Madanpur (D) Chandanpur
25. In ancient India which rock-cut architecture representing Buddhist, Hindu and Jain faiths ?
(A) Ellora Caves (B) Bhimbetka
(C) Hatigumpha (D) Khandagiri and Udayagiri
26. When you manufacture a door handle, you use the measurements of the hand to design the shape and size of the handle, this comes under which sub-branch of physical anthropology ?
(A) Anthropometry (B) Dermatoglyphics
(C) Demography (D) Ergonomy
27. Who had written the book THE GOLDEN BOUGH ?
(A) E. B. Tylor (B) James Frazer
(C) L. H. Morgan (D) J. J. Bachofen
28. Which evolutionist had given human history into three periods i.e. Savagery, Barbarism and Civilisation ?
(A) E. B. Tylor (B) L. H. Morgan
(C) J. J. Bachofen (D) Adolf Bastion
29. The book of Franz Boas is :
(A) Colour of Sea (B) Primitive Culture
(C) Trobriand of Islanders (D) Primitive Marriage
30. Who among the following does not belong to the German School of Diffusion ?
(A) F. Ratzel (B) F. Graebner
(C) A..L. Kroeber (D) F. W. Schmidt

31. Who had given first time the Charter of an Institution ?
- (A) B. Malinowski (B) Radcliffe Brown
(C) E. Durkheim (D) Claude Levi-Strauss
32. The usage that gives maternal uncle a prominent place in the life of his nephew and nieces is :
- (A) Couvade (B) Amitate
(C) Avunculate (D) Joking
33. When a boy marries his father-sis-daughter, it is called ?
- (A) Monogamy (B) Polygyny
(C) Cross-cousin marriage (D) Parallel cousin marriage
34. The concept of Animatism was given by :
- (A) E. B. Tylor (B) R. R. Marett
(C) H. S. S. Maine (D) Max Muller
35. Who had made a study on 'Nuer of Africa' binds social structure to the interrelations of groups ?
- (A) Talcott Parson (B) Radcliffe-Brown
(C) E. E. Evans-Pritchard (D) E. R. Leach
36. The dormitory house of Oraons is called :
- (A) Dhumkuriya (B) Gotul
(C) Kitchuki (D) Morung
37. What are the means of voluntary submission of the accused to law ?
- (A) Punishment (B) Oath and Ordeal
(C) Totem and Taboo (D) Band and Clan

38. Acquiring a mate by probation is :

- (A) Ceremonial Capture a mate
- (B) Girl's parent permits the boy to live with girl
- (C) A girl forces a boy to marry, who is unwilling to marry her
- (D) Both the couple elope away with each other

39. What is Hypergamous marriage ?

- (A) A man could marry women of his below caste
- (B) A man could marry women of his same caste
- (C) A man could marry women of his above caste
- (D) A woman could marry from a lower caste

40. Balanced reciprocity includes :

- (A) Bargaining
- (B) Unspecified as to qualities
- (C) Indirect give and take
- (D) Direct exchange in equal amounts and value

41. When the number of families combined, it will lead to the formation of :

- (A) Lineage
- (B) Clan
- (C) Phratry
- (D) Moiety

42. When after marriage the married couple changes their residence alternatively, then it is called :

- (A) Patrilocal family
- (B) Matrilocal family
- (C) Neolocal family
- (D) Bilocal family

43. The family which contains three to four generations and is based on a parent-child relationship :

- (A) Nuclear Family
- (B) Joint Family
- (C) Extended Family
- (D) Single-parent family

44. Holocene belongs to which climatological period ?
 (A) Wurm (B) Postglacial
 (C) Interglacial (D) Late wurm
45. The tool used in the upper palaeolithic period of Europe :
 (A) Blade tool (B) Core tool
 (C) Flake tool (D) Hand axe
46. The first evidence of food production is from :
 (A) Mesolithic phase (B) Chalcolithic phase
 (C) Neolithic phase (D) Iron age
47. Who coined the term Neolithic revolution ?
 (A) V. Gordon Childe (B) Leslie White
 (C) John Lubbock (D) D. K. Bhattacharya
48. Who is the Venus in Palaeolithic art ?
 (A) A God (B) A Planet
 (C) Female statues and figurines (D) Sorcerer
49. Which fossil has created Mousterian culture ?
 (A) Homo habilis (B) Homo erectus
 (C) Neanderthal (D) Archaic Homo sapiens
50. Cro-Magnon skeleton was first discovered in :
 (A) Les Eyzies (B) Dusseldorf
 (C) S. Africa (D) Java
51. Lower Palaeolithic culture is characterised as :
 (A) Core tools (medium to massive in shape)
 (B) Blade tools
 (C) Flake tools
 (D) Bone tools with polishes

52. The Primary concern of cell division is to :
- (A) Produce a double cell
 - (B) Maintenance of the original cell's genome
 - (C) To increase the cell size and growth
 - (D) To maintain gene and chromosome
53. An assumption about research outcome is called :
- (A) Theory
 - (B) Sampling
 - (C) Pilot study
 - (D) Hypothesis
54. In Stratified Random Sampling :
- (A) A population divided into a number of strata
 - (B) It includes lottery and Tippet's table method
 - (C) A method for selecting a large population
 - (D) A population is divided into clusters
55. The judgemental sampling is otherwise called :
- (A) Cluster Sampling
 - (B) Random Sampling
 - (C) Purposive Sampling
 - (D) Multi-stage Sampling
56. The method which used vision as its main means of data collection :
- (A) Observation
 - (B) Interview
 - (C) Schedule
 - (D) Case study
57. Which one is correct about the Survey and Field study method ?
- (A) The former has the greater scope than the latter
 - (B) The field study method includes greater accountability
 - (C) The former method includes more change and latter one includes more case studies
 - (D) Both (A) and (B)

58. Which of the following hypothesis is of no relationship and does not exist in reality ?
(A) Research (B) Scientific research
(C) Statistical research (D) Null
59. The cell is enclosed by a semi-permeable membrane, called :
(A) Cell membrane (B) Plasma membrane
(C) Cell wall (D) Cell envelope
60. The Indus Valley civilization flourished during which period of India ?
(A) Stone tool age (B) Copper age
(C) Bronze age (D) Iron age
61. Which is not included in the list of Harappan cities ?
(A) Balakot (B) Banawali
(C) Dholavira (D) Kuliana
62. Dockyard is found at :
(A) Lothal (B) Kalibangan
(C) Dholavira (D) Diamabad
63. Harappans were the believer of the :
(A) Sun God (B) Pasupati
(C) Animal (D) Spirit
64. Which is not the reason for the end of the Indus Valley Civilization ?
(A) Climate change (B) Tectonic phenomena
(C) Economic exchange (D) Environmental deterioration
65. The method in which long bone is used as a hammer to strike out flakes is called :
(A) Block-on-block technique (B) Step flaking technique
(C) Cylinder hammer technique (D) Levalloisian technique

66. When an individual possesses 47 chromosomes instead of 46, then the syndrome is called :

- (A) Autosomal disorder
- (B) Turner syndrome
- (C) Edward syndrome
- (D) Klinefelter syndrome

67. Stratigraphy dating method dates :

- (A) Relative age of the fossilized bone samples
- (B) Age of study of pollen grains
- (C) Dates geographical deposits and fossils
- (D) Relative age of artifacts

68. The development of AMS dating is helpful in :

- (A) Knowing the age of K-Ar
- (B) Date to be from a very small sample
- (C) To know the change of amino acids
- (D) To confirm the antiquity of an item

69. Dendrochronology method is used :

- (A) To know the half-life of Carbon
- (B) To know the age of strata
- (C) To know the age of pollen
- (D) To know the patterns of tree rings

70. The 'Scheduled Tribe' was inserted in the Constitution as per :

- (A) Article 244(i)
- (B) Article 275
- (C) Article 330
- (D) Article 342(i)

71. The husband-and-wife relationship based on :

- (A) Affinal
- (B) Consanguineal
- (C) Descent
- (D) Affinity

72. The method through which one is used to collect data on the past and present generations of a family is called ?
- (A) Heredity (B) Case study
(C) Genealogy (D) Focused interview
73. How many PVTGs are found in Odisha ?
- (A) 12 (B) 13
(C) 11 (D) 23
74. The tribal movements, which aim to continue with the status quo and obstruct changes :
- (A) Reactionary (B) Conservative
(C) Revisionary (D) Revolutionary
75. Article 330 is about :
- (A) It provides the state to promote special care to SC and Tribes
(B) Reservation of seats for SC and ST in House of people
(C) Educational relaxation for appointment in Government jobs
(D) Grants from union to state for Scheduled areas administration
76. The concept of a trilogy includes :
- (A) Dharma.artha.karma (B) Asham, grihastha, karma
(C) Karma, chesta, daiva (D) Kanta, karma, chesta
77. Research on ageing in different cultures and designing programmes for the elderly is known :
- (A) Gerontology (B) Demography
(C) Ergonomy (D) Dermatoglyphics
78. The application of the science of physical anthropology to the legal process is termed :
- (A) Applied Anthropology (B) Forensic Anthropology
(C) Medical Anthropology (D) Academic Anthropology

79. The study of tourism in anthropology has arisen from an anthropological concern with :

- (A) Community development
- (B) Community study and change
- (C) Culture contact and culture change
- (D) Cultural assimilation

80. The term 'visual anthropology' was coined by :

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| (A) Sol Tax | (B) L. P. Vidyarthi |
| (C) John Marshall | (D) Margaret Mead |



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SEAL

aglasem

Antineoplastic Agents

(10)

GO ON