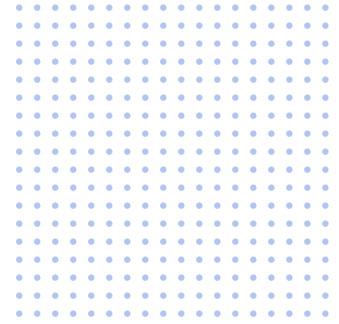




FOR ODISHA B.ED EXAM PREPARATION

Odisha B.Ed 2022 Question Paper · Arts (Set A)

EXAM

Odisha B.Ed

YEAR

2022

TYPE

Question Paper

SUBJECT

Arts (Set A)

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

TEST BOOKLET

Sl. No.

15375

STREAM

ARTS

SET CODE

A

B.ED. ADMISSION TEST – 2022

Time Allowed : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET CONTAINS 16 PAGES AND DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. You have to enter your **Roll No.** on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **DO NOT** write anything else on the Test Booklet.

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3. The Test Booklet contains **100** questions. Each question comprises four answers. You have to select the correct answer which you want to mark (darken) on the **Answer Sheet (OMR Sheet)**. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** answer for each question. If more than one answer is darkened, it will be considered as wrong.
4. You have to mark (darken) all your answers only on the **OMR Answer Sheet using BLACK BALL POINT PEN** provided by the State Selection Board. You have to do rough work only in the space provided at the end of the Test Booklet. See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
5. All questions carry equal marks. While one mark will be awarded for each correct answer, each wrong answer will result in negative marking of **0.25** mark.
6. Before you proceed to mark (darken) the answers in the **OMR Answer Sheet** to the questions in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions in your Admit Card.
7. On completion of the examination, you should hand over the **original Answer Sheet (OMR Sheet)** issued to you to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy (carbon copy) of the **OMR Answer Sheet** along with the Test Booklet for your reference.

Candidate's full signature

Invigilator's signature

AM – 1A/32

(Turn over)

Direction : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions (Q. No. 1 to 5) choosing the correct alternatives :

It was very hot in the court-room. Everybody was feeling tired. After a long tiring morning, the clerks were anxious to get off to lunch. Even the judge seemed relieved when the last case came up before the court. A short middle aged man with a foolish expression on his face was standing in the dock. It seemed as if he was trying hard to understand what was going on. He was accused of breaking into a house and stealing a watch. The witness claimed that he had seen the man outside the house one night, but on being questioned further, he confessed that he was not sure whether this was the man. The judge considered the matter for some time and said that as there was no real proof, the man could not be found guilty of any crime. He said that the case was dismissed and then he rose to go. Meanwhile the accused looked very puzzled and said suddenly, "Excuse me, Sir, but do I have to give the watch back or not?"

1. When the last case came up, the judge felt relieved because :
- (A) He was feeling hungry

- (B) It had been a hot and tiring day
(C) He was called by his wife
(D) He had to call on his senior

2. The man was accused of :
- (A) Bribing the court clerk
(B) Stealing a gold ring
(C) Making a loud noise in the court
(D) Breaking into a house

3. The judge did not find the man guilty as :
- (A) There was no real proof against him
(B) There was no serious charge against him
(C) It was a minor offence
(D) He was an innocent-looking man

4. The man facing the trial was really guilty because :
- (A) He had slapped the clerk
(B) He had a knife in his hand
(C) He had the watch in his possession
(D) He uttered a lie

5. How does the accused appear ?
- (A) Clever
(B) Foolish
(C) Cunning
(D) Brave

Direction : Answer the questions (Q. No. 6 to 10) choosing the correct alternatives :

6. The word similar in meaning to 'puzzled' is :
 - (A) Anxious
 - (B) Relieved
 - (C) Confused
 - (D) Stupid
7. The word opposite in meaning to 'guilty' is :
 - (A) Accused
 - (B) Insane
 - (C) Docile
 - (D) Innocent
8. The judge was feeling tired. The court-clerks were also feeling tired. Combining these two sentences into a single sentence using 'as well as' we get :
 - (A) The judge as well as the court-clerks is feeling tired.
 - (B) The judge as well as the court-clerks are feeling tired.
 - (C) The judge as well as the court-clerks was feeling tired.
 - (D) The judge as well as the court-clerks were feeling tired.
9. The man was foolish. The man was tactless. Combining these two sentences into a single sentence using 'not only but also' we get :
 - (A) Not only the man was foolish but also tactless.
 - (B) The man was not only foolish but also tactless.
 - (C) The man was foolish not only ... but also tactless.
 - (D) The man not only was foolish but also tactless.
10. The accused suddenly said, "Shall I return the watch or not ?" The sentence can be changed into indirect speech as :
 - (A) The accused suddenly asked whether he would return the watch or not.
 - (B) The accused suddenly asked whether he would return the watch or not ?
 - (C) The accused suddenly asked, "Whether he would return the watch or not."
 - (D) The accused suddenly asked shall I return the watch or not.

11. Which of the following statements is correct for "sound" ?
 (A) It cannot move through gases
 (B) It cannot move through liquids
 (C) It cannot move through solids
 (D) It cannot move through vacuum
12. Which of the following is not a bacterial disease ?
 (A) Leprosy
 (B) Tetanus
 (C) Measles
 (D) Typhoid
13. When was the Constitution of India adopted ?
 (A) 15 August, 1947
 (B) 26 January, 1950
 (C) 9 December, 1946
 (D) 26 November, 1949
14. Which form of Government is prevalent in India ?
 (A) Presidential
 (B) Parliamentary
 (C) Monarchical
 (D) Unitary
15. When was National Emergency imposed for the first time in India ?
 (A) 1962
 (B) 1971
 (C) 1975
 (D) 1977
16. Which Commission Policy has recommended the establishment of Pace Setting School ?
 (A) Kothari Commission (1964-66)
 (B) National Education Policy (2020)
 (C) National Policy on Education (1986)
 (D) Secondary Education Commission (1952-53)
17. UGC was established on the basis of recommendation of which Commission Policy ?
 (A) University Education Commission (1948-49)
 (B) Kothari Commission (1964-66)
 (C) Calcutta University Commission (1917)
 (D) National Policy on Education (1968)
18. In which year National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE) was established ?
 (A) 1994
 (B) 1995
 (C) 1993
 (D) 1990

19. Which organization facilitates Research in Social Science ?
 (A) ICAR
 (B) ICSSR
 (C) NCERT
 (D) NCTE
20. The Preparatory Stage of Education as per NPE-2020 covers which age group of students ?
 (A) Ages 8 to 11
 (B) Ages 3 to 8
 (C) Ages 11 to 14
 (D) Ages 14 to 18
21. If $A + B > C + D$ and $B + C > A + D$, then it is definite that :
 (A) $D > B$
 (B) $C > D$
 (C) $A > D$
 (D) $B > D$
22. Choose the set from the given options which is similar to the given set.
 Given Set : (4, 9, 18)
 (A) (8, 14, 22)
 (B) (10, 15, 25)
 (C) (6, 12, 23)
 (D) (12, 17, 26)
23. In a row, Hari is seventh from right and twenty seventh from left ; then how many students are there in the row ?
 (A) 31
- (B) 32
 (C) 33
 (D) 34
24. If day after tomorrow is Saturday, then what day will be three days before tomorrow ?
 (A) Tuesday
 (B) Monday
 (C) Saturday
 (D) Sunday
25. 'W' goes 30 meters north and then turns left and goes 20 meters. Again he turns left and goes 30 meters. How far is W from his original point ?
 (A) 30 m
 (B) 50 m
 (C) 80 m
 (D) 20 m
26. Find the sum of even numbers between 1 and 99 :
 (A) 2650
 (B) 2550
 (C) 2450
 (D) 2560

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(5)

(Turn over)

27. What will be that two digit number, the product of whose digits is twice the sum of their digit ?
 (A) 18
 (B) 22
 (C) 36
 (D) 40
28. Which of the following given words will come third according to the dictionary ?
 (A) Sharp
 (B) Shock
 (C) Sucks
 (D) Snooker
29. A number is greater than 3 but less than 8. Also, it is greater than 6 but less than 10. The number is :
 (A) 5
 (B) 6
 (C) 7
 (D) 8
30. Reena is twice as old as Sunita. Three years ago, she was three times as old as Sunita. How old is Reena now ?
 (A) 6 years
 (B) 7 years
 (C) 8 years
 (D) 12 years
31. Which of the following is not associated with learner related factor affecting learning ?
 (A) Learner's Mental Condition
 (B) Level of aspiration
 (C) Teaching Methodology
 (D) Readiness and will power
32. Which of the following is not associated with Motor Learning ?
 (A) Playing Piano
 (B) Learning Swimming
 (C) Acquisition of Knowledge
 (D) Driving Car
33. Which strategy is best applicable for teaching skill of explaining to students ?
 (A) Personalized instruction
 (B) Micro-teaching
 (C) Programmed instruction
 (D) Simulation
34. Which strategy can be used for developing creative thinking ?
 (A) Role playing
 (B) Problem solving
 (C) Brain storming
 (D) Project
35. When a teacher tries to develop self awareness and self concept among the students, which teaching model teacher prefers to use ?
 (A) Non-Directive
 (B) Synectics
 (C) Role-playing
 (D) Advance Organizer

36. The interactive phase of teaching is associated with :
- Choice of content
 - Planning about use of teaching aids
 - Diagnosis of the abilities and behaviour of students
 - Suitability of instructional process
37. Whole vrs Part method of teaching poetry is based on which theory of learning ?
- Classical conditioning
 - Insightful Learning
 - Trial and Error Learning
 - Operant conditioning
38. The 5E model Lesson Planning is associated with :
- Classical conditioning
 - Operant conditioning
 - Constructivist approach
 - Theory of insightful learning
39. A good teacher must be :
- Resourceful and autocratic
 - Resourceful and participative
 - Resourceful and competent
 - Resourceful and Reliable
40. Which Maxim of teaching is most appropriate for teaching Grammar at School ?
- Induction to deduction

- Psychological to logical
- Empirical to rational
- Simple to complex

Direction : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions (Q. No. 41 to 45) choosing the correct alternatives :

Smoking is the single largest preventable cause of death worldwide. It is killing about 2200 people in India everyday, that means one every forty seconds. It is alarming that in spite of this smoking is increasing among the youth of India. According to World Bank study, India, Indonesia and China are the only countries in the world where incidence of smoking is going up. It is increasing not only in cities but also in towns and villages. Higher education groups are also taking to smoking more readily. Smoking starts as an amusement but soon turns into a habit. It is difficult to give up smoking because unlike other drugs, craving for it is immediate. Nicotine in cigarettes brings structural changes in brain. Its non-availability can cause symptoms of agitation. Smoking also has a strong associational aspect. People smoke while reading, after meals or with a cup of coffee.

41. In India daily about 2200 people die due to :
- Starvation
 - Accidents
 - Smoking
 - Fraud activities

42. Three countries, where the incidence of smoking is going up, are :
- (A) Pakistan, India and Sri Lanka
(B) India, Indonesia and Canada
(C) China, India and Bangladesh
(D) India, Indonesia and China
43. It is difficult to give up smoking because :
- (A) Craving for smoking is immediate
(B) It is a tough task
(C) It can't be remedied
(D) Lust for smoking spares none
44. Nicotine brings out some changes in the brain, they are :
- (A) Physical changes
(B) Structural changes
(C) Chemical changes
(D) Atmospheric changes
45. A young college student starts smoking :
- (A) Out of curiosity
(B) To get over boredom
(C) To show off
(D) For amusement
46. The word similar in meaning to 'agitation' is :
- (A) Passion
(B) Pleasure
(C) Anxiety
(D) Craving
47. The word opposite in meaning to 'difficult' is :
- (A) Hard
(B) Tough
(C) Rough
(D) Easy
48. The noun form of 'preventable' is :
- (A) Prevention
(B) Preventive
(C) Prevent
(D) Prevented
49. The verb form of 'availability' is :
- (A) Available
(B) Availing
(C) Avail
(D) Availment
50. Which of the following words is correctly spelt ?
- (A) Defination
(B) Tuition
(C) Repetation
(D) Competation

51. Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated ?
- (A) Tell me, "What is the name of this flower ?"
- (B) Tell me "What is the name of this flower ?"
- (C) Tell me, "What is the name of this flower"
- (D) Tell me, what is the name of this flower ?
52. Incidence of smoking is going up. The underlined word is a :
- (A) Verb
- (B) Adverb
- (C) Adjective
- (D) Noun
53. If winter come, can spring be far behind ? The correct tense form of the underlined verb is :
- (A) Will come
- (B) Can come
- (C) Comes
- (D) Came
54. The umpire is conducting the match. The sentence can be changed into passive voice as :
- (A) The match is conducting by the umpire.
- (B) The match is being conducted by the umpire.
- (C) The match is conducted by the umpire.
- (D) The match was being conducted by the umpire.

55. Mother said to me, "Where did you take your lunch at noon ?"
- The sentence can be changed into indirect speech as :
- (A) Mother asked me that where did you take your lunch at noon.
- (B) Mother asked me where I had taken my lunch at noon.
- (C) Mother asked me where I have taken my lunch at noon.
- (D) Mother asked me whether I had taken my lunch at noon.

ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ଅନୁଚ୍ଛେଦଟି ପଢ଼ି ୫୬ ରୁ ୫୮ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ବାଛି ଲେଖ :

ଆଜି ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଓ ବାଣିଜ୍ୟ ପୃଥିବୀକୁ ଏକ ବିଶ୍ୱଗ୍ରାମରେ ପରିଣତ କରିଛି । ଭୌଗୋଳିକ ଦୂରତ୍ୱ କମିଛି, କିନ୍ତୁ ଆତ୍ମିକ ଦୂରତ୍ୱ କମିବାର ଲକ୍ଷଣ ନାହିଁ । ଏପରି ସ୍ଥିତି ସମଗ୍ର ପୃଥିବୀ ପାଇଁ ବିଷ୍ଟୋରକ । ଛୋଟିଆ ହୋଇ ଚାଲିଥିବା ପୃଥିବୀରେ ସୁସ୍ଥ ଭାବେ ବଞ୍ଚିବା ପାଇଁ ବହୁ ସଂଖ୍ୟକ ସାଧାରଣ ଶିକ୍ଷିତ ଓ ସଚ୍ଚେତନ ମଣିଷ ପ୍ରଦେଶ, ଦେଶ, ଜାତି, ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ, ଧର୍ମର ଉର୍ଦ୍ଧ୍ୱକୁ ଯିବା ଜରୁରୀ ହୋଇପଡ଼ିଛି । ଯେତେବେଳେ 'ବସୁଧେବ କୁଟୁମ୍ବକମ୍' ଉଚ୍ଚାରିତ ହେଲା, ସେତେବେଳେ ସମଗ୍ର ମାନବ ଜାତିକୁ ଆଲିଙ୍ଗନ କଲା ଭଳି ଉଦାର ଓ ସମଦର୍ଶୀ ମୁନିରଷି ଥିଲେ । ଆଜି କମ୍ପୃଥିବୀ ଭୌଗୋଳିକ ଦୂରତା ସହିତ ତାଳ ରଖି ହୃଦୟର ଦୂରତା କମାଇବା ଜରୁରୀ ହୋଇପଡ଼ିଛି ।

56. କେଉଁ ସ୍ଥିତି ପୃଥିବୀ ପାଇଁ ବିଷ୍ଟୋରକ ?
- (A) ଭୌଗୋଳିକ ଦୂରତ୍ୱ ହ୍ରାସ
- (B) ବାଣିଜ୍ୟିକ ସଂପର୍କର ବୃଦ୍ଧି
- (C) ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକ ପ୍ରଗତି
- (D) ଆତ୍ମିକ ଦୂରତ୍ୱ ନ କମିବା

57. ସୁସ୍ଥଭାବେ ବଞ୍ଚିବା ପାଇଁ ସଂଖ୍ୟାତ୍ମକ ଶିକ୍ଷିତ ଓ ସଚେତନ ମଣିଷ କ'ଣ କରିବା ଉଚିତ ?
- (A) ଜାତି, ଧର୍ମ, ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଓ ଆଞ୍ଚଳିକ ସଂକୀର୍ଣ୍ଣତା ପରିହାର କରିବା
- (B) ଚିକିତ୍ସା ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥାକୁ ବ୍ୟାପକ କରିବା
- (C) ଜାତୀୟ ଭାବନାରେ ଉଦ୍ବୁଦ୍ଧ ହେବା
- (D) ସମାଜର ସେବା କରିବା
58. 'ବସୁଧେବ କୁଟୁମ୍ବକମ୍' ନୀତି ଅନୁସରଣ କରୁଥିବା ମୁନିରକ୍ଷିମାନେ କିପରି ଥିଲେ ?
- (A) ଯୋଗ ସାଧକ
- (B) ଉଦାର ଓ ସମଦର୍ଶୀ
- (C) ତପୋନିଷ୍ଠ
- (D) ସିଦ୍ଧପୁରୁଷ
59. କେଉଁଟି ମୂର୍ଦ୍ଧଣ୍ୟ ଧ୍ବନି ?
- (A) ଖ
- (B) ବ୍
- (C) ଗ୍
- (D) ଙ୍
60. 'ଅନ' ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୟ ଯୋଗରେ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦଟି ଗଠିତ ହୋଇନାହିଁ ?
- (A) ଭାଷଣ
- (B) ଖଣ୍ଡନ
- (C) ଲୀନ
- (D) ଦର୍ଶନ
61. ଅର୍ଥବୋଧପାଇଁ ଏକପଦ ଅନ୍ୟପଦ ବା ପଦମାନଙ୍କର ଅପେକ୍ଷା ରଖିଲେ ତାହାକୁ କ'ଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?
- (A) ଆକାଂକ୍ଷା
- (B) ଆସନ୍ନ
- (C) ଖଣ୍ଡବାକ୍ୟ
- (D) ଯୋଗ୍ୟତା
62. ବନାନ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଶବ୍ଦଟିର ଶୁଦ୍ଧ ରୂପ ?
- (A) ବହୁବ୍ରୀହୀ
- (B) ବହୁବ୍ରୁହି
- (C) ବହୁବ୍ରୁହୀ
- (D) ବହୁବ୍ରୀହି
63. ମା' ପ୍ରତିକିରେ ପରିବା କାରୁଛନ୍ତି ? — ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦଟି କେଉଁ କାରକ ?
- (A) କର୍ତ୍ତା
- (B) କର୍ମ
- (C) କରଣ
- (D) ଅଧିକରଣ
64. ସ୍ବଭାବେ ଭାବୁକ-ମାନସ-ଉଲ୍ଲାସୀ । — ରେଖାଙ୍କିତ ପଦଟି କେଉଁ ବିଭକ୍ତି ?
- (A) ପ୍ରଥମା
- (B) ତୃତୀୟା
- (C) ପଞ୍ଚମୀ
- (D) ସପ୍ତମୀ
65. 'ରୂପର ଯୋଗ୍ୟ' ଏହି ସମସ୍ୟମାନ ପଦର ସମସ୍ତ ପଦଟି କ'ଣ ?
- (A) ଅନୁରୂପ
- (B) ପ୍ରତିରୂପ
- (C) ଅପରୂପ
- (D) ଅରୂପ

66. Which native state first signed the 'Subsidiary Alliance' ?
 (A) Nagpur
 (B) Gwalior
 (C) Punjab
 (D) Oudh
67. Who founded the Muhammedan Anglo-Oriental college at Aligarh ?
 (A) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
 (B) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
 (C) Muhammad Iqbal
 (D) Sayyad Ahmed Khan
68. Who gave the slogan 'Back to the Vedas' ?
 (A) Rammohan Roy
 (B) Dayanand Saraswati
 (C) Ramakrishna Paramahansa
 (D) Vivekananda
69. Who coined the slogan, 'one religion, one caste and one God for mankind' ?
 (A) Sri Narayan Guru
 (B) Jotiba Govind Phule
 (C) B. R. Ambedkar
 (D) E. V. Ramaswami Nicker
70. Who was the first Muslim leader to preside over the annual session of Indian National Congress ?
 (A) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
 (B) Hakim Azmal Khan
 (C) Badruddin Tyabji
 (D) Asaf Ali
71. Who was the first woman to preside over any annual session of Indian National Congress ?
 (A) Vijaylaxmi Pandit
 (B) Sarojini Naidu
 (C) Annie Besant
 (D) Aruna Asaf Ali
72. Which day was celebrated as the first 'Independence Day' in British India by the Congress ?
 (A) 26 January, 1930
 (B) 6 April, 1930
 (C) 9 August, 1942
 (D) 15 August, 1945
73. Which French ruler said, 'I am the state' ?
 (A) Louis XIV
 (B) Louis XV
 (C) Louis XVI
 (D) Louis Philippe

74. Which French Philosopher propounded the theory of 'Separation of Power' ?
 (A) Voltaire
 (B) Montesquieu
 (C) Rousseau
 (D) Diderot
75. Who wrote the book 'Social Contract' ?
 (A) John Locke
 (B) Rousseau
 (C) Voltaire
 (D) Montesquieu
76. Which of the following is a feature of Indian Constitution ?
 (A) Presidential Form of Government
 (B) Unitarian State
 (C) Secular State
 (D) Theocratic State
77. Article 1 of the Indian Constitution describes India as :
 (A) Federation
 (B) Quasi-Federation
 (C) Union of States
 (D) Unitary State
78. Which article deals with protection of life and personal liberty ?
 (A) Article 21
 (B) Article 19
 (C) Article 14
 (D) Article 32
79. Which of the following articles deals with six Fundamental Freedoms ?
 (A) Article-17
 (B) Article-18
 (C) Article-19
 (D) Article-20
80. Which of the following is entrusted with the special power to create a new All India Service ?
 (A) Rajya Sabha
 (B) Lok Sabha
 (C) Union Public Service Commission
 (D) Attorney General of India
81. Who decides whether a bill is a money bill ?
 (A) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
 (B) Speaker of Lok Sabha
 (C) Union Finance Minister
 (D) Public Accounts Committee

82. How many members can be nominated by the President of India to the Rajya Sabha ?
 (A) 10
 (B) 11
 (C) 12
 (D) 13
83. The dispute between the Union and the States can be decided by the Supreme Court under :
 (A) Original Jurisdiction
 (B) Appellate Jurisdiction
 (C) Advisory Jurisdiction
 (D) Judicial Review
84. What is the age of retirement of the Judge of a High Court ?
 (A) 58
 (B) 60
 (C) 62
 (D) 65
85. Who has the ultimate power to create or abolish Legislative Councils in States ?
 (A) President
 (B) Parliament
 (C) Governor
 (D) Constitution
86. A cricket live telecast starts in New Delhi at 6.30 PM on 23rd May. At what time of the day and date will the same broadcast be heard at 180°E longitude ?
 (A) 11 PM 23rd May
 (B) 12 Noon 24th May
 (C) 1 AM 24th May
 (D) 2 AM 24th May
87. Which Indian state has common boundary with maximum number of states ?
 (A) Andhra Pradesh
 (B) Madhya Pradesh
 (C) Bihar
 (D) Uttar Pradesh
88. On which hill is Mawsynram – The rainiest place in the world located ?
 (A) Garo
 (B) Khasi
 (C) Jaintia
 (D) Lushai
89. With which type of forest is the term "Shelter Belt" associated ?
 (A) Evergreen Forest
 (B) Deciduous Forest
 (C) Tidal Forest
 (D) Thorn Forest

90. Which one of the following crops is different from other three in terms of water need ?
- (A) Barley
(B) Jute
(C) Castor
(D) Maize
91. With which of the following is the "Operation Flood" related ?
- (A) White Revolution
(B) Green Revolution
(C) Blue Revolution
(D) Black Revolution
92. What is the minimum tidal range required for economical operation of tidal power generation ?
- (A) 7 meters
(B) 8 meters
(C) 9 meters
(D) 10 meters
93. Which Iron and Steel Plant in India does not depend on coal as the main source of energy ?
- (A) Tata Iron and Steel, Jamshedpur
(B) Visweswaraya Iron and Steel Co. Bhadravati
(C) Salem Steel Plant, Salem
(D) Rourkela Iron and Steel Plant, Rourkela
94. For the production of which group of minerals is the Sukinda Valley in Jajpur district famous ?
- (A) Chromite and Bauxite
(B) Chromite and Manganese
(C) Chromite and Mica
(D) Chromite and Nickel
95. Over which group of states does the geographical jurisdiction of East Coast Railways extend ?
- (A) Odisha and Bengal
(B) Odisha and Andhra Pradesh
(C) Odisha, Andhra Pradesh and Chhatisgarh
(D) Odisha, Andhra Pradesh and West Bengal
96. Which group of vertebrates among the following does have maximum number of endangered species ?
- (A) Fishes
(B) Reptiles
(C) Birds
(D) Mammals

97. The weight of an object is more at the poles than at the equator. It is due to :
- (A) The gravitational force is more at the poles
 - (B) The shape of the Earth
 - (C) Attraction of the Moon is more on the Earth's surface
 - (D) The attraction of the Sun is more on the Earth's surface
98. Which among the following is not a part of Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) ?
- (A) Marginal Standing Facility (MSF)
 - (B) Repo Rate (RR)
 - (C) Reverse Repo Rate (RRR)
 - (D) Open Market Operations (OMO)
99. What is the effective method to control inflation in the economy ?
- (A) Cash Reserve Ratio
 - (B) Selective Control of Credit
 - (C) Bank Rate Policy
 - (D) To expand Money Supply
100. To which of the following categories does most of the unemployment in India belong ?
- (A) Frictional
 - (B) Technical
 - (C) Structural
 - (D) Voluntary

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