aglasem.com

FOR AP CLASS 10 PREPARATION

AP SSC Model Paper 2027 Social Studies - Model Paper 1 (English Medium)

EXAM	YEAR	TYPE	SUBJECT
AP Class 10	2027	Sample Paper	Social Studies

BLUEPRINT - SSC PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS 2026 -27

GEOGRAPHY

		1M	2M	4M	8M	MAP	Q. TOTAL	M. TOTAL
1	RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT	2	1			1	4	5
2	FOREST AND WILDLIFE			1			1	4
3	WATER RESOURCES				1		1	8
4	AGRICULTURE				1(IC)		1(IC)	(8)
5	MINERALS AND ENERGY			1			1	4
6	MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	1	1			1	3	4
7	LIFELINES OF NATIONAL ECONOMY					2(IC)	2(IC)	(2)
	TOTAL QUESTIONS	3	2	2	1+1(IC)	2 + 2(IC)	10 + (3)	
	TOTAL MARKS	3	4	8	8 + (8)	2 + (2)		25

HISTORY

		1M	2M	4M	8M	MAP	Q. TOTAL	M. TOTAL
1	RISE OF NATIONALISM IN EUROPE	1		2			3	9
2	NATIONALISM IN INDIA				1		1	8
3	THE MAKING OF GLOBAL WORLD	2	1			2 (IC)	3 + (2)	4 + (2)
4	THE AGE OF INDUSTRIALISATION							
5	PRINT CULTURE AND THE MODERN WORLD		1		1(IC)	2	3 + (1)	4 + (8)
	TOTAL QUESTIONS	3	2	2	1 + 1(IC)	2 + 2(IC)	10 + (3)	
	TOTAL MARKS	3	4	8	8 + (8)	2 + (2)		25

1. 8 Marks questions have Internal Choice.
2. (IC) :- Internal Choices.

BLUEPRINT - SSC PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS 2026 -27

CIVICS

		1M	2M	4M	8M	MAP	Q. TOTAL	M. TOTAL
1	POWER -SHARING				1		1	8
2	FEDERALISM	2	1				3	4
3	GENDER, RELIGION AND CASTE		1	1			2	6
4	POLITICAL PARTIES	1			1(IC)	2 + 1(IC)	3 + (2)	3 + (9)
5	OUTCOMS OF DEMOCRACY			1		1 (IC)	1 + (1)	4
	TOTAL QUESTIONS	3	2	2	1 + 1(IC)	2 + 2(IC)	10 + (3)	
	TOTAL MARKS	3	4	8	8 + (8)	2 + (2)		25

ECONOMICS

	LESSONS	1M	2M	4M	8M	MAP	Q. TOTAL	M. TOTAL
1	DEVELOPMENT	1		2			3	9
2	SECTORS OF THE INDIAN ECONOMY				1		1	8
3	MONEY AND CREDIT				1(IC)		(1)	(8)
4	GLOBALISATION AND THE INDIAN	2	2			2 + 2(IC)	6 + (2)	8 + (2)
5	CONSUMER RIGHTS							
	TOTAL QUESTIONS	3	2	2	1 + 1(IC)	2 + 2(IC)	10 + (3)	-
	TOTAL MARKS	3	4	8	8 + (8)	2 + (2)	-	25

1. 8 Marks questions have Internal Choice.
2. (IC) :- Internal Choices.

SECTION WISE QUESTIONS & MARKS:

SECTION	Question No	Marks
I	01-12	12 X 1 = 12 M
II	13 - 20	8 X 2 = 16 M
III	21 - 28	8 X 4 = 32 M
IV	29 - 33	5 X 8 = 40 M
	Total: 33 questions	100 marks

WEIGHTAGE FOR ABILITIES

S. NO.	ABILITIES	WEIGHTAGE	MARKS
1	Awareness	60	60
2	Sensitivity	20	20
3	Creativity	20	20
TOTAL		100	100

WEIGHTAGE FOR DIFFICULTY LEVEL

S. NO.	DIFFICULTY LEVEL	WEIGHTAGE %	MARKS
1	EASY	25	25
2	MODERATE	50	50
3	DIFFICULT	25	25
TOTAL		100	100

S.S.C. QUESTION PAPER MODEL - MARCH 2027

Q NO	MARKS	ABILITY	RELATED OLD OBJECTIVE	UNIT
1	1	AWARENESS	KN	G1 RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT
2	1	AWARENESS	KN	G1 RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT
3	1	AWARENESS	KN	G6 MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
4	1	AWARENESS	KN	H1 RISE OF NATIONALISM IN EUROPE
5	1	AWARENESS	KN	H3 MAKING OF GLOBAL WORLD
6	1	AWARENESS	KN	H3 MAKING OF GLOBAL WORLD
7	1	AWARENESS	KN	C2 FEDERALISM
8	1	AWARENESS	KN	C2 FEDERALISM
9	1	AWARENESS	KN	C4 POLITICAL PARTIES
10	1	AWARENESS	KN	E1 DEVELOPMENT
11	1	SENSITIVITY	AN	E4 GLOBALISATION AND INDIAN ECONOMY
12	1	SENSITIVITY	AN	E4 GLOBALISATION AND INDIAN ECONOMY
13	2	AWARENESS	KN	G6 MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
14	2	AWARENESS	KN	G1 RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT
15	2	AWARENESS	KN	H3 MAKING OF THE GLOBAL WORLD
16	2	AWARENESS	KN	H5 PRINT CULTURE & MODERN WORLD
17	2	AWARENESS	KN	C2 FEDERALISM
18	2	CREATIVITY	EVA	C3 GENDER, RELIGION & CASTE
19	2	SENSITIVITY	ANA	E4 GLOBALISATION & INDIAN ECONOMY
20	2	CREATIVITY	CRE	E4 GLOBALISATION & INDIAN ECONOMY
21	4	AWARENESS	UN	G2 FOREST AND WILD LIFE RESOURCES
22	4	SENSITIVITY	ANA	G5 ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES
23	4	CREATIVITY	CRE	H1 RAISE OF NATIONALISM IN EUROPE
24	4	SENSITIVITY	ANA	H1 RAISE OF NATIONALISM IN EUROPE
25	4	AWARENESS	APP	C3 GENDER, RELIGION AND CASTE
26	4	AWARENESS	APP	C5 OUTCOMES OF DEMOCRACY
27	4	CREATIVITY	CRE	E1 DEVELOPMENT
28	4	AWARENESS	APP	E1 DEVELOPMENT
29	8	AWARENESS	UN	G3 WATER RESOURCES G4 AGRICULTURE
30	8	CREATIVITY	EVA/CRE	H2 NATIONALISM IN INDIA H5 PRINT CULTURE & MODERN WORLD
31	8	SENSITIVITY	ANA	E2 SECTORS OF INDIAN ECONOMY E3 MONEY & CREDIT
32	8	AWARENESS	UN	C1 POWER SHARING C4 POLITICAL PARTIES
33	8	AWARENESS	APP	INDIA (4+4) WORLD (4+4)

ABILITIES AND THEIR OBJECTIVES AS PER PARAKH NORMS:

I) AWARENESS:

Knowledge / Understanding of the construct / Understanding of the process (Resembles old objectives Knowledge, Understanding and Application)

II) SENSITIVITY:

Resolution / Open mindedness / Collaboration (Resembles old objective Analysis)

III) CREATIVITY:

Generate Innovative Ideas / Flexibility / Fluency / Exploration / Combining Ideas & Concepts (Resembles old objectives Evaluation and Creativity)

NOTE:

Overall, the lesson-wise weightage and ability-wise weightage will be followed. But, there is no rigid rule that a question with a particular number must come from a particular lesson.

BLUE PRINT & MODEL PAPERS OF SSC PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2026-27

BY THE DIRECTOR OF GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS (SSC BOARD), A.P.

21E & 22E

SSC PUBLIC EXAMATINATIONS 2026-27
SOCIAL STUDIES (MODEL PAPER - 1)

(ENGLISH VERSION)

Time: 3 Hours 15 Minutes **Max. Marks: 100**

Instructions:

1) In the duration of 3 hours 15 minutes. 15 minutes of time is allotted to read the question paper.
2) All answers shall be written in the answer booklet only
3) Question paper consists of 4 sections and 33 questions.
4) Internal choice is available in section IV only.
5) All answers shall be written neatly and legibly.

SECTION-I (12 x 1 =12)

Note:

1) Answer all the questions.
2) Each question carries 1 mark.

1. The soils develop on crystalline igneous rocks are:

(a) Black soils

(b) Red soils

(c) Alluvial soils

(d) Laterite soils

2. Cause for land degradation in Gujarat and Rajasthan is:

(a) over grazing

(b) mining

(c) over irrigation

(d) deforestation

21E & 22E

3. Cotton: Agro based industry :: Cement: ?

4. Who did Metternich describe as 'the most dangerous enemy of our social order'?

A) Cavour

B) Mazzini

C) Garibaldi

D) Napoleon

5. The Great Depression began in the year ----------

6. Which disease helped European conquest in the American continent?

7. Who is the head of a Municipal Corporation?

8. Assertion (A): The Union Government can make laws on computer software.

Reason (R): Computer software is a residuary subject.

Choose the correct option:

A) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

9. One party system exists in which of the following countries?

A) U.S.A

B) U.K.

C) China

D) Germany

10. "The Earth has enough resources to meet the needs of all but not enough to satisfy the greed of even one person". Who said these words?

11. Which of the following actions best shows a balanced and cooperative approach towards globalisation?

A) The government should completely ban all foreign goods.

B) All the Indian producers should associate with foreign companies.

C) The government should support Indian producers while also allowing fair foreign trade.

D) Consumers should buy only foreign goods because they are cheaper.

12. Arrange the following countries from west to east.

Countries : South Korea, USA, Britain, China

21E & 22E

SECTION-II (8 x 2 = 16)

Note:

1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 2 marks.

13. How do industries pollute the environment?
14. Differentiate between Bangar and Khadar.
15. How did rinderpest affect the people and economy of Africa?
16. Write a short note on the Gutenberg press.
17. Write any two important features of federalism.
18. Mention any two different aspects of life in which women are disadvantaged in India.
19. How would flexibility in labour laws help companies?
20. Globalization will continue in the future. Imagine what the world would be like 20 years from now.

SECTION-III (8 x 4 = 32)

Note:

1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 4 marks.

21. Distinguish between Reserved forests and Protected forests.
22. Minerals are an indispensable part of our lives. Analyse the statement with suitable examples.
23. Write a dairy entry on the contribution of culture to the growth of nationalism in Europe.
24. Analyse the process of German unification.
25. Demonstrate with two examples how household work shows gender inequality.
26. Democracy is much superior to any other form of government. How? Explain.
27. If you were a journalist, what key points would you include in an essay on the importance of sustainable development?
28. Give any two examples of environmental degradation you have observed around you.

21E & 22E

SECTION-IV (5 X 8 = 40)

Note:

1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 8 marks.

3) Each question has internal choice.

4) In question No.33 both A and B (India map and world map) should be answered separately.

29. A) Compare the advantages and disadvantages of multi-purpose river projects.

(or)

B) Explain various institutional reform programmes introduced by the government in the interest of farmers.

30. A) Imagine that you attended the Jallianwala Bagh meeting in 1919. Write a news report based on your experience.

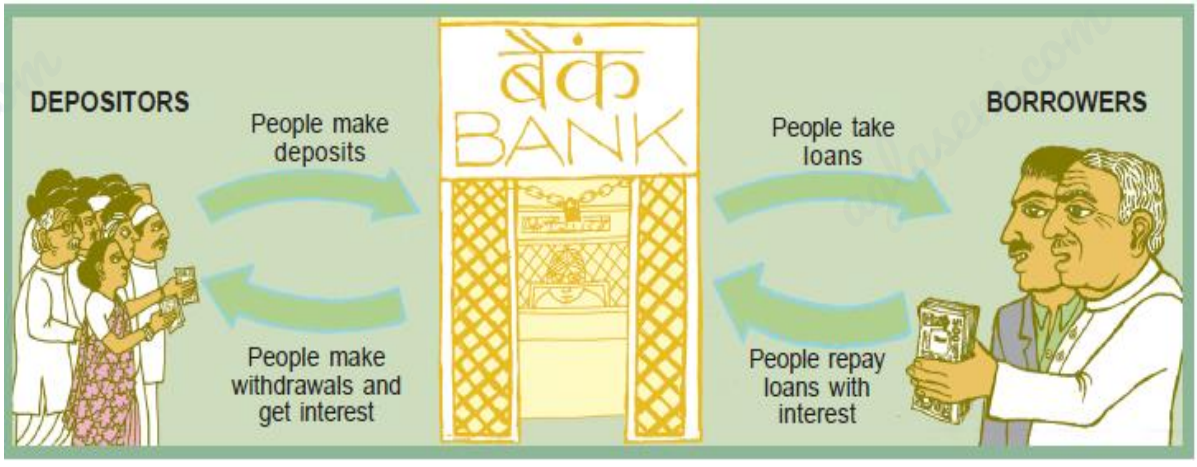
(or)

B) "Not everyone welcomed the printed book." Do you agree with this statement? Justify your answer with suitable examples.

31. A) Analyse how the tertiary sector is different from other sectors in terms of production and employment.

(or)

B) Based on the picture given below, analyse how the banks mediate.



21E & 22E

32. A) How did majoritarianism in Sri Lanka create conflict? Explain.

(or)

B) Explain why do people criticise political parties.

33. A) Locate the following in the given outline map of India:

1. Thar Desert

2) Chennai

3) Hyderabad

4) Lakshadweep

(OR)

5. Delhi

6) Maharashtra

7) Godavari River

8) Chota Nagpur Plateau

B) Locate the following in the given outline map of world:

1. Italy

2) Mediterranean Sea

3) Nigeria

4) France

(OR)

5. Belgium

6) South Africa

7) Bangladesh

8) Brazil